IDENTIFYING IMPACTED COMMUNITIES TECHNICAL WORKSHOP

BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT CARE TASK FORCE MEETING

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OEHHA's December 2010 Report



Primary audience:

- ARB
- DPR
- DTSC
- SWRCB

Available at:

http://oehha.ca.gov/ej

Program Origins in Environmental Justice

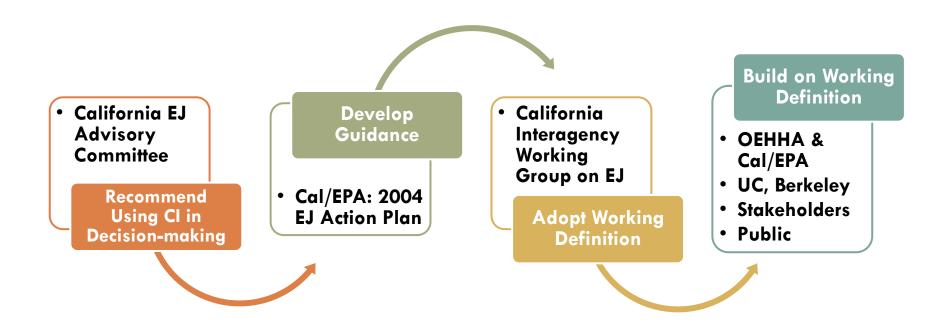
- Statutory definition of EJ
 - "Environmental justice means the fair treatment of people of all races, cultures, and incomes with respect to the development, adoption, implementation and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies."

Gov. Code §65040.12(e)

- Cal/EPA's responsibilities
 - Required development of interagency environmental justice strategy for Cal/EPA
 - Required each of the Cal/EPA boards and departments to review, identify, and address program obstacles impeding the progress of environmental justice

Public Resources Code §71113

How We Got Here (Process)



Working Definition

"Cumulative impacts means exposures, public health or environmental effects from the combined emissions and discharges in a geographic area, including environmental pollution from all sources, whether single or multi-media, routinely, accidentally, or otherwise released. Impacts will take into account sensitive populations and socioeconomic factors, where applicable and to the extent data are available."

-- Cal/EPA Interagency Working Group on Environmental Justice

Primary Components

Burden of Pollution

Exposures

Public Health Effects

Environmental Effects

Population Characteristics

Sensitive Populations

Socioeconomic Factors

Interpretation of Major Terms

Exposures

Contact with pollution

Public Health Effects

 Disease and other health conditions influenced by exposure to pollutants

Environmental Effects

Adverse environmental conditions caused by pollutants

Interpretation of Major Terms

Sensitive Populations

 Populations with biological traits that may magnify the effects of pollutant exposures

Socioeconomic Factors

 Community characteristics that result in increased vulnerability to pollutants

Lines of Scientific Evidence

- Pollution and public health effects
- Disparities in exposure and environmental conditions
- Sensitivity based on biological or physiological factors
- Sensitivity based on socially-derived factors
- Health disparities

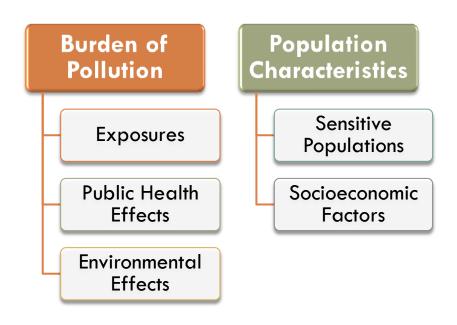
Screening Method

Objectives

- Keep it relatively simple (!)
- Geography-based assessment
 - Roughly community-scale
- Contributions to impact from multiple media
 - □ Air, water, soil
- □ Find data to represent each of our 5 components
- Combine the information

Data

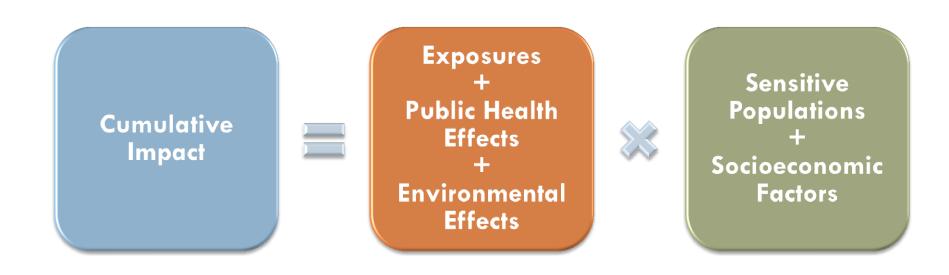
- □ Publicly available
- Statewide
- Resolution
 - ZIP code/ZCTA
 - Census tract
- Current
- Meaningful



Indicators for Components

Exposures	Public Health Effects	Environmental Effects	Sensitive Populations	Socio- economic Factors				
Ozone concentrations	☐ Low birth weight rate	☐ Clean-up sites (brownfields)	☐ Percent under age 5	☐ Educational attainment				
□ PM 2.5 concentrations	☐ Asthma ER visit rate	☐ Leaking under- ground storage tanks and	☐ Percent over age 65	Median household income				
☐ Traffic density ☐ Pesticide use	☐ Heart disease mortality rate	cleanups		☐ Percent residents below				
☐ Toxic emissions from facilities	☐ Cancer mortality rate			2x national poverty level				

Relationship



Range of Scores for Components

	Component	Range of Possible Scores
	Exposures	1-10
# 4	Environmental effects	1-5
	Public health effects	1-5
+ [Sensitive populations	1-3
	Socioeconomic factors	1-3
	Cumulative impact	6-120

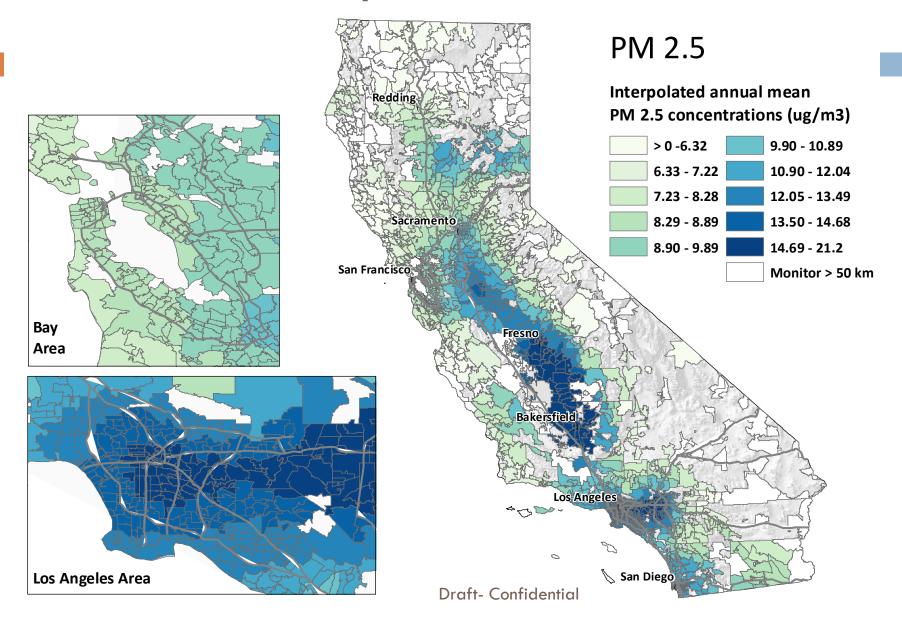
2010 Results for 28 Sample Communities

	Community																											
Component	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	ı	J	К	L	м	N	0	P	Q	R	s	т	U	v	w	х	Y	Z	A A	B B
Exposures	7	5	8	7	6	4	7	6	8	3	6	6	5	4	6	4	7	7	4	3	3	5	4	4	5	4	5	3
Public Health Effects	5	5	5	3	4	5	3	5	3	4	3	4	3	3	1	3	3	2	3	2	2	4	3	2	2	1	1	2
Environmental Effects	3	4	3	3	3	4	4	2	1	5	2	1	5	1	5	2	1	1	3	4	2	2	3	1	1	1	2	1
Contributors to Burden	15	14	16	13	13	13	14	13	12	12	11	11	13	8	12	9	11	10	10	9	7	11	10	7	8	6	8	6
Sensitive Populations	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Socioeconomic Factors	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	1	2
Contributors to Pop. Character.	6	6	5	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	6	4	5	4	4	4	4	5	3	3	4	3	4	3	3
Composite Score	90	84	80	78	78	78	70	65	60	60	55	55	52	48	48	45	44	40	40	36	35	33	30	28	24	24	24	18

Particulate Matter (PM 2.5)

- Air Resources Board's Air Monitoring Network
- Indicator: Annual mean concentrations of PM 2.5
 - Interpolated from nearest monitors to ZCTA centroids by ARB
 - □ Three year (2007-2010) average
- □ Assign a percentile (>0 − 100) to all California
 ZIP codes

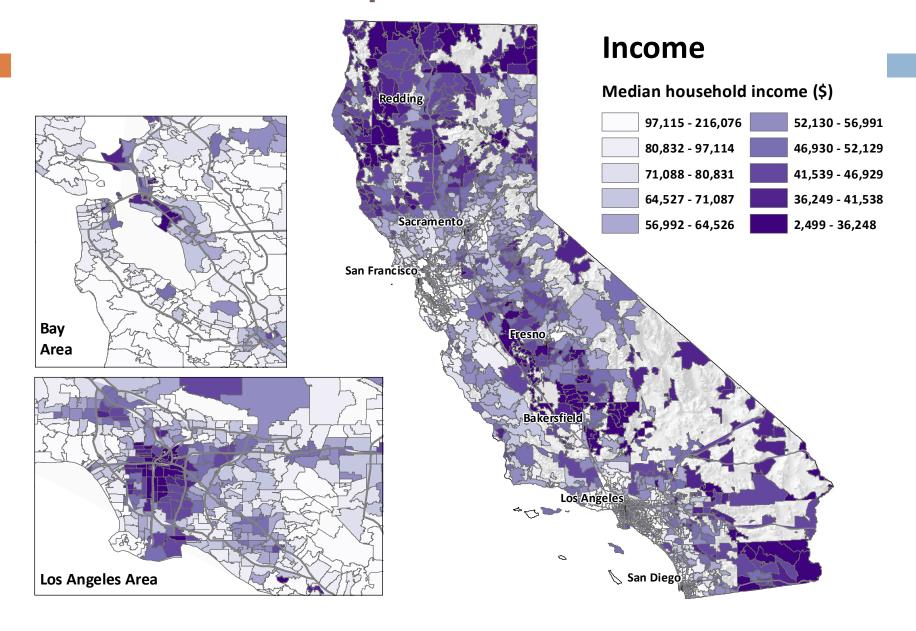
Statewide Map



Income

- □ U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey
- Indicator: Median household income
 - □ Five year, 2006-2010, estimates
- □ Assign a percentile (>0 − 100) to all California ZIP codes

Statewide Map



Uses for Screening Method

- Distinguish higher-impacted from lower-impacted communities
- Identify which of the components are likely to contribute the most to the community's cumulative impact
- Support intra-agency efforts to address multimedia impacts.

Environmental Decision-making

Cumulative Impacts and Decision-making at Cal/EPA

Types of Decision-making

- Prioritization
 - Site Clean-up
 - Enforcement
 - Environmental Monitoring
 - □ Financial Assistance
 - Outreach
- Risk Assessment and Standard-Setting
- Permitting
- Other?

Next Steps to Move Ahead

- Continue developing the cumulative impacts tool and related guidance through an open and public process.
- Share current status of information with Cumulative Impacts and Precautionary Approaches Workgroup
- Receive input and suggestions on preliminary work product method and indicators.
- Conduct workshops throughout the state on preliminary work product method and indicators.

Next Steps to Move Ahead

- Review and consider comments from Cal/EPA boards and departments, CIPA workgroup, and public.
- Further develop and refine the tool, and develop the guidance for use of the methodology within the agency.
- Work with communities, local, state and federal agencies, interested stakeholders
 - Better define cumulative impacts for the community
 - Identify best applications for the approach
 - Identify solutions to address the impacts

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Questions, Comments & Discussion