# **Bay Area Air Quality Management District**

939 Ellis Street San Francisco, CA 94109 (415) 771-6000

# Proposed

# **MAJOR FACILITY REVIEW PERMIT**

Issued To: Ameresco Keller Canyon, LLC Facility # B7667

> **Facility Address:** 901 Bailey Road Pittsburg, CA 94565

Mailing Address: 111 Speen Street, Suite 410 Framingham, MA 01710

Responsible Official Ben Heuiser, Director, Plant Operations 763-229-5131 Facility Contact Stephen Simmons, Manager, Plant Operations 831-970-1026

Type of Facility: Primary SIC: Product: Landfill Gas Combustion 4911 Electrical Generation BAAQMD Engineering Division Contact: Carol Allen

## ISSUED BY THE BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

Jack P. Broadbent, Executive Officer/Air Pollution Control Officer

Date

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# I. STANDARD CONDITIONS

# A. Administrative Requirements

The permit holder shall comply with all applicable requirements in the following regulations:

**BAAQMD** Regulation 1 - General Provisions and Definitions (as amended by the District Board on 5/4/11); SIP Regulation 1 - General Provisions and Definitions (as approved by EPA through 6/28/99); **BAAQMD** Regulation 2, Rule 1 - Permits, General Requirements (as amended by the District Board on 4/18/12); SIP Regulation 2, Rule 1 - Permits, General Requirements (as approved by EPA through 1/26/99); BAAQMD Regulation 2, Rule 2 - Permits, New Source Review (as amended by the District Board on 6/15/05); SIP Regulation 2, Rule 2 - Permits, New Source Review and Prevention of Significant Deterioration (as approved by EPA through 1/26/99); BAAQMD Regulation 2, Rule 4 - Permits, Emissions Banking (as amended by the District Board on 12/19/12); SIP Regulation 2, Rule 4 - Permits, Emissions Banking (as approved by EPA through 1/26/99); BAAQMD Regulation 2, Rule 5 - New Source Review of Toxic Air Contaminants (as amended by the District Board on 1/6/10); BAAQMD Regulation 2, Rule 6 - Permits, Major Facility Review (as amended by the District Board on 4/16/03); and SIP Regulation 2, Rule 6 – Permits, Major Facility Review (as approved by EPA through 6/23/95)

# B. Conditions to Implement Regulation 2, Rule 6, Major Facility Review

1. This Major Facility Review Permit was issued on [ ] and expires on [when issued, enter 5<sup>th</sup> anniversary of issue date]. The permit holder shall submit a complete application for renewal of this Major Facility Review Permit no later than [when issued, enter date 6 months prior to permit expiration date] and no earlier than [when issued, enter date 12 months prior to expiration date]. If a complete application for renewal has not been submitted in accordance with this deadline, the facility may not operate after [when issued, enter 5<sup>th</sup> anniversary of issue date]. If the permit renewal has not been submitted in accordance with anniversary of issue date]. If the permit renewal has not been issued by [expiration date], but a complete application for renewal has been submitted in accordance with the above deadlines, the existing permit will continue in force until the District takes final action on the renewal application. (Regulation 2-6-307, 404.2, 407, & 409.6; MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.2)

- 2. The permit holder shall comply with all conditions of this permit. The permit consists of this document and all appendices. Any non-compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit will constitute a violation of the law and will be grounds for enforcement action; permit termination, revocation and re-issuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application. (Regulation 2-6-307; MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.11)
- 3. In the event any enforcement action is brought as a result of a violation of any term or condition of this permit, the fact that it would have been necessary for the permittee to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with such term or condition shall not be a defense to such enforcement action. (MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.11)
- 4. This permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. (Regulation 2-6-307, 409.8, 415; MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.11)
- 5. The filing of a request by the facility for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or the filing of a notification of planned changes or anticipated non-compliance does not stay the applicability of any permit condition. (Regulation 2-6-409.7; MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.11)
- 6. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. (Regulation 2-6-409.7; MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.11)
- 7. The permit holder shall supply within 30 days any information that the District requests in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. (Regulation 1-441, Regulation 2-6-409.4 & 501; MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.11)
- 8. Any records required to be maintained pursuant to this permit which the permittee considers to contain proprietary or trade secret information shall be prominently designated as such. Copies of any such proprietary or trade secret information which are provided to the District shall be maintained by the District in a locked confidential file, provided, however, that requests from the public for the review of any such information shall be handled in accordance with the District's procedures set forth in Section 11 of the District's Administrative Code. (Regulation 2-6-419; MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.11)
- 9. Proprietary or trade secret information provided to EPA will be subject to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 2, Subpart B Public Information, Confidentiality of Business Information. (40 CFR Part 2)
- 10. The emissions inventory submitted with the application for this Major Facility Review Permit is an estimate of actual emissions or the potential to emit for the time period stated and is included only as one means of determining applicable requirements for emission sources. It does not establish, or constitute a basis for establishing, any new emission limitations. (MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.11)

- 11. The responsible official shall certify all documents submitted by the facility pursuant to the major facility review permit. The certification shall state that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete. The certifications shall be signed by a responsible official for the facility. (Regulation 2-6-409.20, MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.11)
- 12. The permit holder is responsible for compliance, and certification of compliance, with all conditions of the permit, regardless whether it acts through employees, agents, contractors, or subcontractors. (Regulation 2-6-307)

# C. Requirement to Pay Fees

The permit holder shall pay annual fees in accordance with District Regulation 3, including Schedule P. (Regulation 2-6-402 & 409.13, Regulation 3; MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.12)

# **D.** Inspection and Entry

Access to Facility: The permit holder shall provide reasonable access to the facility and equipment which is subject to this permit to the APCO and/or to his or her designee. (Regulation 1-440, Regulation 2-6-409.3; MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.14)

# E. Records

- 1. The permit holder must provide any information, records, and reports requested or specified by the APCO. (Regulation 1-441, Regulation 2-6-409.4)
- 2. Notwithstanding the specific wording in any requirement, all records for federally enforceable requirements shall be maintained for at least five years from the date of creation of the record. (Regulation 2-6-501, MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.7)

# F. Monitoring Reports

Reports of all required monitoring\_must be submitted to the District at least once every six months, except where an applicable requirement specifies more frequent reporting. The first reporting period for this permit shall be [date of issuance] to [six months later]. The report shall be submitted by [one month after end of reporting period]. Subsequent reports shall be for the following periods: [\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1st through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 30th or 31st] and [\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1st through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 30th or 31st], and are due on the last day of the month after the end of the reporting period. All instances of noncompliance shall be clearly identified in these reports. The reports shall be certified by the responsible official as true, accurate, and complete. In addition, all instances of non-compliance with the permit shall be reported in writing to the District's Compliance and Enforcement Division within 10 calendar days of the discovery of

the incident. Within 30 calendar days of the discovery of any incident of noncompliance, the facility shall submit a written report including the probable cause of non-compliance and any corrective or preventative actions. The reports shall be sent to the following address:

> Director of Compliance and Enforcement Bay Area Air Quality Management District 939 Ellis Street San Francisco, CA 94109 Attn: Title V Reports

(Regulation 2-6-502, MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.7)

# **G.** Compliance Certification

Compliance certifications shall be submitted annually by the responsible official of this facility to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District and to the Environmental Protection Agency. The certification period will be \_\_\_\_\_\_ 1st through \_\_\_\_\_\_ 30th or 31st. The certification shall be submitted by \_\_\_\_\_\_ 30th or 31st of each year. The certification must list each applicable requirement, the compliance status, whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, the method used to determine compliance, and any other specific information required by the permit. The certification should be directed to the District's Compliance and Enforcement Division at the address above, and a copy of the certification shall be sent to the Environmental Protection Agency at the following address:

Director of the Air Division USEPA, Region IX 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105 Attention: Air-3

(MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.5 and 4.15)

### **H. Emergency Provisions**

- The permit holder may seek relief from enforcement action in the event of a breakdown, as defined by Regulation 1-208 of the District's Rules and Regulations, by following the procedures contained in Regulations 1-431 and 1-432. The District will thereafter determine whether breakdown relief will be granted in accordance with Regulation 1-433. (MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.8)
- 2. The permit holder may seek relief from enforcement action for a violation of any of the terms and conditions of this permit by applying to the District's Hearing Board for a variance pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 42350. The

Hearing Board will determine after notice and hearing whether variance relief should be granted in accordance with the procedures and standards set forth in Health and Safety Code Section 42350 et seq. (MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.8)

3. The granting by the District of breakdown relief or the issuance by the Hearing Board of a variance will not provide relief from federal enforcement. (MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.8)

# I. Severability

In the event that any provision of this permit is invalidated by a court or tribunal of competent jurisdiction, or by the Administrator of the EPA, all remaining portions of the permit shall remain in full force and effect. (Regulation 2-6-409.5; MOP Volume II, Part 3, §4.10)

# J. Miscellaneous Conditions

1. The maximum capacity for each source as shown in Table II-A is the maximum allowable capacity. Exceedance of the maximum allowable capacity for any source is a violation of Regulation 2, Rule 1, Section 301. (Regulation 2-1-301)

# **II. EQUIPMENT**

# A. Permitted Source List

Each of the following sources has been issued a permit to operate pursuant to the requirements of BAAQMD Regulation 2, Permits. The capacities in this table are the maximum allowable capacities for each source, pursuant to Standard Condition I.J and Regulation 2-1-301.

S-#	Description	Make or Type	Model	Capacity
S-1	LFG-Fired Internal Combustion	GE Jenbacher,	JGS 616	2677 bhp, 6090 in <sup>3</sup> ,
	Engine and Genset	4 stroke, 16 cylinder	GS L.L	19.733 MM BTU/hour
				1.914 MW (nominal)
S-2	LFG-Fired Internal Combustion	GE Jenbacher,	JGS 616	2677 bhp, 6090 in <sup>3</sup> ,
	Engine and Genset	4 stroke, 16 cylinder	GS L.L	19.733 MM BTU/hour
				1.914 MW (nominal)
S-3	Temperature Swing Adsorption	GE Jenbacher	M4 TSA	Carbon Vessel
	Gas Cleaning System			Configuration: 4 X 2,
				Carbon Weight Per
				Vessel: 2580 pounds

#### Table II – A Permitted Sources

# **B.** Abatement Device List

#### Table II – B Abatement Devices

		Source(s)	Applicable	Operating	Limit or
<b>A-</b> #	Description	Controlled	Requirement	Parameters	Efficiency
A-1	TSA Waste Gas Flare;	S-3	BAAQMD	Minimum	Either 98%
	John Zink Company,		8-34-301.3,	combustion zone	destruction of
	ZTOF Enclosed,		see also	temperature of:	NMOC or
	8.25 MM BTU/hour.	TU/hour Table IV-B 1400 °F		1400 °F,	< 30 ppmv of
	275 scfm of waste gases			see also	NMOC, as CH <sub>4</sub> ,
	275 serii or waste gases			Table VII-B	at 3% O <sub>2</sub> , dry

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# III. GENERALLY APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

The permit holder shall comply with all applicable requirements, including those specified in the BAAQMD and SIP rules and regulations and other federal requirements cited below. These requirements apply in a general manner to the facility and/or to sources exempt from the requirement to obtain a District Permit to Operate. The District has determined that these requirements will not be violated under normal, routine operations, and that no additional periodic monitoring or reporting to demonstrate compliance is warranted. In cases where a requirement, in addition to being generally applicable, is also specifically applicable to one or more sources, the requirements and the source are also included in Section IV, Source-Specific Applicable Requirements, of this permit. This section also contains provisions that may apply to temporary sources.

The dates in parentheses in the Title column identify the versions of the regulations being cited and are, as applicable:

- 1. BAAQMD regulation(s): The date(s) of adoption or most recent amendment of the regulation by the District Board of Directors
- 2. Any federal requirement, including a version of a District regulation that has been approved into the SIP: The most recent date of EPA approval of any portion of the rule, encompassing all actions on the rule through that date

The full language of SIP requirements is on EPA Region 9's website. The address is <u>http://yosemite.epa.gov/r9/r9sips.nsf/Agency?ReadForm&count=500&state=California&cat=Bay+Area+Air+Quality+Management+District-Agency-Wide+Provisions</u>.

# NOTE:

There are differences between the current BAAQMD rules and the versions of the rules in the SIP. All sources must comply with both versions of a rule until US EPA has reviewed and approved the District's revision of the regulation.

		Federally
Applicable	Regulation Title or	Enforceable
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)
BAAQMD Regulation 1	General Provisions and Definitions (5/4/11)	Ν
SIP Regulation 1	General Provisions and Definitions (6/28/99)	Y
BAAQMD Regulation 2, Rule 1	Permits – General Requirements (4/8/12)	Ν
SIP Regulation 2, Rule 1	Permits – General Requirements (1/26/99)	Y
BAAQMD 2-1-429	Federal Emissions Statement (12/21/04)	Ν
SIP 2-1-429	Federal Emissions Statement (4/3/95)	Y
BAAQMD Regulation 2, Rule 5	Permits - New Source Review of Toxic Air Contaminants	Ν
	(1/6/10)	

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# Table IIIGenerally Applicable Requirements

# III. Generally Applicable Requirements

Applicable	Decolation Title on	Federally
Applicable	Regulation The of	Enforceable (V/N)
RAAOMD Regulation 4	Air Pollution Enicode Plan (3/20/01)	(1/N) N
SID Regulation 4	Air Pollution Episode Plan (3/20/91)	V
SIP Regulation 4	All Pollution Episode Plan $(8/6/90)$	N
BAAQMD Regulation 5	Open Burning (7/9/08)	N
SIP Regulation 5	Open Burning (9/4/98)	Y
BAAQMD Regulation 6, Rule 1	Particulate Matter – General Requirements (12/5/07)	N
SIP Regulation 6	Particulate Matter (9/4/98)	Y
BAAQMD Regulation 7	Odorous Substances (3/17/82)	N
BAAQMD Regulation 8, Rule 1	Organic Compounds – General Provisions (6/15/94)	Y
BAAQMD Regulation 8, Rule 2	Organic Compounds – Miscellaneous Operations (7/20/05)	N
SIP Regulation 8, Rule 2	Organic Compounds – Miscellaneous Operations (3/22/95)	Y
BAAQMD Regulation 8, Rule 3	Organic Compounds – Architectural Coatings (7/1/09)	N
SIP Regulation 8, Rule 3	Organic Compounds – Architectural Coatings (1/2/04)	Y
BAAQMD Regulation 8, Rule 4	Organic Compounds - General Solvent and Surface Coating	Y
	Operations (10/16/02)	
BAAQMD Regulation 8, Rule 15	Organic Compounds – Emulsified and Liquid Asphalts (6/1/94)	Y
BAAQMD Regulation 8, Rule 16	Organic Compounds – Solvent Cleaning Operations	Y
	(10/16/02)	
BAAQMD Regulation 8, Rule 40	Organic Compounds - Aeration of Contaminated Soil and	Ν
	Removal of Underground Storage Tanks (6/15/05)	
SIP Regulation 8, Rule 40	Organic Compounds - Aeration of Contaminated Soil and	Y
	Removal of Underground Storage Tanks (4/19/01)	
BAAQMD Regulation 8, Rule 47	Organic Compounds – Air Stripping and Soil Vapor	Ν
	Extraction Operations (6/15/05)	
SIP Regulation 8, Rule 47	Organic Compounds – Air Stripping and Soil Vapor	Y
	Extraction Operations (4/26/95)	
BAAQMD Regulation 8, Rule 49	Organic Compounds – Aerosol Paint Products (12/20/95)	Ν
SIP Regulation 8, Rule 49	Organic Compounds – Aerosol Paint Products (3/22/95)	Y
BAAQMD Regulation 8, Rule 51	Organic Compounds – Adhesive and Sealant Products	Ν
_	(7/17/02)	
SIP Regulation 8, Rule 51	Organic Compounds – Adhesive and Sealant Products (2/26/02)	Y
BAAQMD Regulation 9, Rule 1	Inorganic Gaseous Pollutants – Sulfur Dioxide (3/15/95)	Ν
SIP Regulation 9, Rule 1	Inorganic Gaseous Pollutants – Sulfur Dioxide (6/8/99)	Y
BAAQMD Regulation 9, Rule 2	Inorganic Gaseous Pollutants – Hydrogen Sulfide (10/6/99)	Ν

# Table IIIGenerally Applicable Requirements

# III. Generally Applicable Requirements

		Federally
Applicable	Regulation Title or	Enforceable
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)
BAAQMD Regulation 11, Rule 2	Hazardous Pollutants - Asbestos Demolition, Renovation	Ν
	and Manufacturing (10/7/98)	
BAAQMD Regulation 11, Rule 14	Hazardous Pollutants - Asbestos Containing Serpentine	Ν
	(7/17/91)	
BAAQMD Regulation 12, Rule 4	Miscellaneous Standards of Performance – Sandblasting	Ν
	(7/11/90)	
SIP Regulation 12, Rule 4	Miscellaneous Standards of Performance – Sandblasting	Y
	(9/2/81)	
California Health and Safety Code	Portable Equipment	Ν
Section 41750 et seq.		
California Health and Safety Code	Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Information and Assessment Act of	Ν
Section 44300 et seq.	1987	
California Health and Safety Code,	Airborne Toxic Control Measure for Diesel Particulate	Ν
Title 17, Section 93116	Matter from Portable Engines Rated at 50 Horsepower and	
	Greater (9/12/07)	
40 CFR Part 61, Subpart A	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants -	Y
	General Provisions (9/13/10)	
40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants -	Y
	National Emission Standard for Asbestos (7/20/04)	

# Table IIIGenerally Applicable Requirements

# **IV. SOURCE-SPECIFIC APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS**

The permit holder shall comply with all applicable requirements, including those specified in the BAAQMD and SIP rules and regulations and other federal requirements cited below. The requirements cited in the following tables apply in a specific manner to the indicated source(s).

The dates in parentheses in the Title column identify the versions of the regulations being cited and are, as applicable:

- 1. BAAQMD regulation(s): The date(s) of adoption or most recent amendment of the regulation by the District Board of Directors
- 2. Any federal requirement, including a version of a District regulation that has been approved into the SIP: The most recent date of EPA approval of any portion of the rule, encompassing all actions on the rule through that date

The full text of each permit condition cited is included in Section VI, Permit Conditions, of this permit. The full language of SIP requirements is on EPA Region 9's website. The address is:

http://yosemite.epa.gov/r9/r9sips.nsf/Agency?ReadForm&count=500&state=California& cat=Bay+Area+Air+Quality+Management+District-Agency-Wide+Provisions

All other text may be found in the regulations themselves.

# Table IV – ASource-Specific Applicable RequirementsS-1 LFG-Fired INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE AND GENSETS-2 LFG-Fired INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE AND GENSET

		Federally	Future
Applicable	Regulation Title or	Enforceable	Effective
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)	Date
BAAQMD			
<b>Regulation 1</b>	General Provisions and Definitions (5/4/11)		
1-523	Parametric Monitoring and Recordkeeping Procedures	Ν	
1-523.1	Reporting requirement for periods of inoperation > 24 hours	Y	
1-523.2	Limit on duration of inoperation	Y	
1-523.3	Reporting requirement for violations of any applicable limits	Ν	
1-523.4	Records of inoperation, tests, calibrations, adjustments, &	Y	
	maintenance		
1-523.5	Maintenance and calibration	Ν	
SIP			
<b>Regulation 1</b>	General Provisions and Definitions (6/28/99)		
1-523	Parametric Monitoring and Recordkeeping Procedures	Y	

		Federally	Future
Applicable	Regulation Title or	Enforceable	Effective
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)	Date
1-523.3	Reports of Violations	Y	
BAAQMD			
Regulation 6,	Particulate Matter – General Requirements (12/5/07)		
Rule 1			
6-1-301	Ringelmann No. 1 Limitation	N	
6-1-305	Visible Particles	N	
6-1-310	Particle Weight Limitation	N	
6-1-401	Appearance of Emissions	N	
SIP			
<b>Regulation 6</b>	Particulate Matter and Visible Emissions (9/4/98)		
6-301	Ringelmann No. 1 Limitation	Y	
6-305	Visible Particles	Y	
6-310	Particle Weight Limitation	Y	
6-401	Appearance of Emissions	Y	
BAAQMD			
Regulation 8,	Organic Compounds – Solid Waste Disposal Sites (6/15/05)		
Rule 34			
8-34-301	Landfill Gas Collection and Emission Control System Requirements	Y	
8-34-301.2	Collection and Control Systems Leak Limitations	Y	
8-34-301.4	Limits for Other Emission Control Systems	Y	
8-34-412	Compliance Demonstration Tests	Y	
8-34-413	Performance Test Report	Y	
8-34-501	Operating Records	Y	
8-34-501.2	Emission Control System Downtime	Y	
8-34-501.4	Testing	Y	
8-34-501.6	Leak Discovery and Repair Records	Y	
8-34-501.10	Gas Flow Rate Records for All Emission Control Systems	Y	
8-34-501.11	Records of Key Emission Control System Operating Parameters	Y	
8-34-501.12	Records Retention for 5 Years	Y	
8-34-503	Landfill Gas Collection and Emission Control System Leak Testing	Y	
8-34-504	Portable Hydrocarbon Detector	Y	
8-34-508	Gas Flow Meter	Y	
8-34-509	Key emission control system operating parameters	Y	

		Federally	Future
Applicable	Regulation Title or	Enforceable	Effective
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)	Date
BAAQMD			
Regulation 9,	Inorganic Gaseous Pollutants – Sulfur Dioxide (3/15/95)		
Rule 1			
9-1-301	Limitations on Ground Level Concentrations	Y	
9-1-302	General Emission Limitations	Y	
BAAQMD			
Regulation 9,	Inorganic Gaseous Pollutants – Hydrogen Sulfide (10/6/99)		
Rule 2			
9-2-301	Limitations on Hydrogen Sulfide	N	
BAAQMD	Inorganic Gaseous Pollutants – Nitrogen Oxides and Carbon		
<b>Regulation 9</b>	Monoxide from Stationary Internal Combustion Engines (7/25/07)		
Rule 8			
9-8-302	Emission Limits – Waste Derived Fuel Gas	N	
9-8-302.1	Lean-Burn Engines: NOx Emission Limit	N	
9-8-302.3	CO Emission Limit	N	
9-8-501	Initial Demonstration of Compliance	Ν	
9-8-502	Recordkeeping	N	
9-8-502.3	Records of Compliance Demonstration Tests	Ν	
9-8-503	Quarterly Demonstration of Compliance	Ν	
SIP	Inorganic Gaseous Pollutants – Nitrogen Oxides and Carbon		
<b>Regulation 9</b>	Monoxide from Stationary Internal Combustion Engines (12/15/97)		
Rule 8			
9-8-302	Emission Limits – Waste Derived Fuel Gas	Y	
9-8-302.1	Lean-Burn Engines: NOx Emission Limit	Y	
9-8-302.3	CO Emission Limit	Y	
40 CFR	Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources – General		
Part 60,	Provisions (9/13/10)		
Subpart A			
60.4	Address	Y	
60.4(b)	Requires Submission of Requests, Reports, Applications, and Other	Y	
	Correspondence to the Administrator		
60.7	Notification and Record Keeping	Y	
60.8	Performance Tests	Y	

		Federally	Future
Applicable	Regulation Title or	Enforceable	Effective
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)	Date
60.11	Compliance with Standards and Maintenance Requirements	Y	
60.11(a)	Compliance determined by performance tests	Y	
60.11(d)	Good air pollution control practice	Y	
60.12	Circumvention	Y	
60.13	Monitoring Requirements	Y	
60.13(a)	Applies to all continuous monitoring systems	Y	
60.13(b)	Monitors shall be installed and operation before performing	Y	
	performance tests		
60.13(e)	Continuous monitors shall operate continuously	Y	
60.13(f)	Monitors shall be installed in proper locations	Y	
60.13(g)	Requires multiple monitors for multiple stacks	Y	
60.14	Modification	Y	
60.15	Reconstruction	Y	
60.19	General Notification and Reporting Requirements	Y	
40 CFR	Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources – Standards		
Part 60,	of Performance for Stationary Spark ignition Internal Combustion		
Subpart	Engines (1/18/08)		
JJJJ			
60.4230	Am I subject to this subpart?	Y	
60.4230(a)	Provisions apply to manufacturers, owners, and operators of	Y	
	stationary spark ignition (SI) internal combustion engines (ICE).		
60.4230(a)(4)	Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE that commence	Y	
	constriction after June 12, 2006, where the stationary SI ICE		
	are manufactured:		
60.4230(a)(4)	On or after July 1, 2007, for engines with a maximum	Y	
(i)	engine power greater than or equal to 500 HP.		
60.4233	What emission standards must I meet if I am an owner or operator of a	Y	
	stationary SI internal combustion engine?		
60.4233(e)	Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE with a maximum engine	Y	
	power greater than or equal to 75 KW (100 HP) must comply with		
	the emission standards in Table I.		

		Federally	Future
Applicable	Regulation Title or	Enforceable	Effective
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)	Date
60.4234	Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE must operate and maintain	Y	
	stationary SI ICE that achieve the emission standards as required in		
	60.4233 over the entire life of the engine.		
60.4236	What is the deadline for importing or installing stationary SI ICE	Y	
	produced in the previous model year?		
60.4236(b)	After July 1, 2009, owners and operators may not install stationary	Y	
	SI ICE with a maximum engine power greater than or equal to 500		
	HP that do not meet the applicable requirements of 60.4233.		
60.4243	What are my compliance requirements if I am an owner or operator of a	Y	
	stationary SI internal combustion engine?		
60.4243(b)	If you are an owner or operator of a stationary SI ICE and must	Y	
	comply with the emission standards specified in 60.4233(d or e),		
	you must demonstrate compliance according to one of the methods		
	specified in paragraphs (b)(1 or 2) of this section.		
60.4243(b)(2)	Purchasing a non-certified engine and demonstrating	Y	
	compliance with the emission standards specified in 60.4233(d		
	or e) according to the requirements specified in 60.4244, as		
	applicable, and according to paragraphs (b)(2)(i and ii) of this		
	section.		
60.4243(b)(2)	For stationary SI ICE > 500 HP, keep a maintenance plan	Y	
(ii)	and records of conducted maintenance, maintain and		
	operate the engine in a manner consistent with good air		
	pollution control practice for minimizing emissions,		
	conduct an initial performance test, and conduct		
	subsequent performance testing every 8760 hours or every		
	3 years, whichever comes first.		
60.4244	Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE who conduct performance	Y	
	test must follow the procedures in paragraphs (a) through (f) of this		
	section.		
60.4245	Owners or operators of stationary SI ICE must meet the following	Y	
	notification, reporting and record keeping requirements.		
60.4245(a)	Owners and operators of all stationary SI ICE must keep records of	Y	
	the information in paragraphs (a)(1-4) of this section.		

		Federally	Future
Applicable	Regulation Title or	Enforceable	Effective
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)	Date
60.4245(a)(1)	All notifications submitted to comply with this subpart and	Y	
	supporting documentation.		
60.4245(a)(2)	Maintenance conduction on the engine.	Y	
60.4245(a)(3)	If the stationary SI ICE is a certified engine, documentation	Y	
	from the manufacturer that the engine is certified to meet the		
	applicable emission standards and other information as		
	required by 40 CFR Parts 90, 1048, 1054, and 1060.		
60.4245(a)(4)	If the stationary SI ICE is not a certified engine or is operating	Y	
	in a non-certified manner, documentation that the engine meets		
	the emission standards.		
60.4245(c)	Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE greater than 500 HP that	Y	
	have not been certified by an engine manufacturer to meet the		
	emission standards of 60.4231 must submit an initial notification as		
	required by 60.7(a)(1). This notification must include all		
	information required by (c)(1-5) of this section.		
60.4245(d)	Owners and operators of stationary SI ICE that are subject to	Y	
	performance testing must submit a copy of each test as conducted		
	within 60 days after the test has been completed.		
Table 1	Meet the Applicable Standards for the Following Engines:	Y	
	Landfill/Digester Gas, HP>500, Manufacture Date 7/1/2007		
40 CFR			
Part 63	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for		
Subpart	Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines (3/9/11)		
ZZZZ			
63.6585	Am I subject to this subpart?	Y	
63.6585(a)	A stationary reciprocating internal combustion engine (RICE) is	Y	
	not a non-road engine and is not used to propel a motor vehicle.		
63.6585(b)	A major source of HAPs is a plant that emits or has the potential to	Y	
	emit 10 tons/year or more of any single HAP or 25 tons/year of		
	more of all HAPs combined.		
63.6585(c)	An area source of HAP emissions is a source that is not a major	Y	
	source.		
63.6590	What parts of my plant does this subpart cover?	Y	
63.6590(a)	Affected Source	Y	

		Federally	Future
Applicable	Regulation Title or	Enforceable	Effective
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)	Date
63.6590(a)(2)	New Stationary RICE	Y	
63.6590(a)(2)	A stationary RICE located at an area source of HAP emissions	Y	
(iii)	is new if you commenced construction of the stationary RICE		
	on or after June 12, 2006.		
63.6590(c)	Stationary RICE subject to Regulations under 40 CFR Part 60: An	Y	
	affected source that meets any of the criteria in c(1-7) must meet		
	the requirements of this part by meeting the requirements of 40		
	CFR Part 60 Subpart IIII or Subpart JJJJ, as applicable.		
63.6590(c)(1)	A new or reconstructed RICE located at an area source	Y	
BAAQMD			
Condition #			
23400			
Part 1	Fuel Restrictions and Bypass Event Limitations	Y	
	(Cumulative Increase and Regulation 2-5-302)		
Part 2	Heat Input Limits and Monitoring Requirements (Offsets and	Y	
	Cumulative Increase)		
Part 3	CO Emission Limits (BACT and Cumulative Increase)	Y	
Part 4	NOx Emission Limits (BACT and Offsets)	Y	
Part 5	NMOC Emission Limits	Y	
	(Regulations 2-5-302 and 8-34-301.4, BACT, TBACT, and Offsets)		
Part 6	Key Emission Control System Operating Parameter Limits and	Y	
	Monitoring Requirements (Regulation 8-34-501.11 and 8-34-509)		
Part 7	SO2 Emission Limits, Landfill Gas TRS Content Limits and Monitoring	Y	
	Procedures (BACT and Cumulative Increase)		
Part 8	Formaldehyde Emissions Limit (Regulation 2-5-302.1&3)	Ν	
Part 9	Annual Source Testing Requirements (BACT, TBACT, Offsets, and	Y	
	Cumulative Increase, and Regulations 2-5-302, 2-6-423.2.1, 8-34-301.4,		
	8-34-412, 9-1-302, 9-8-302.1, and 9-8-302.3, 40 CFR 60.4233(e), and		
	40 CFR 60.4243(b)(2)(ii))		

# Table IV – BSource-Specific Applicable RequirementsS-3 TEMPERATURE SWING ADSORPTION GAS CLEANING SYSTEMA-1 TSA WASTE GAS FLARE

		Federally	Future
Applicable	Regulation Title or	Enforceable	Effective
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)	Date
BAAQMD			
<b>Regulation 1</b>	General Provisions and Definitions (5/4/11)		
1-523	Parametric Monitoring and Recordkeeping Procedures	Ν	
1-523.1	Reporting requirement for periods of inoperation > 24 hours	Y	
1-523.2	Limit on duration of inoperation	Y	
1-523.3	Reporting requirement for violations of any applicable limits	Ν	
1-523.4	Records of inoperation, tests, calibrations, adjustments, & maintenance	Y	
1-523.5	Maintenance and calibration	Ν	
SIP			
<b>Regulation 1</b>	General Provisions and Definitions (6/28/99)		
1-523	Parametric Monitoring and Recordkeeping Procedures	Y	
1-523.3	Reports of Violations	Y	
BAAQMD			
Regulation 6,	Particulate Matter – General Requirements (12/5/07)		
Rule 1			
6-1-301	Ringelmann No. 1 Limitation (applies to A-1 only)	N	
6-1-305	Visible Particles (applies to A-1 only)	Ν	
6-1-310	Particle Weight Limitation (applies to A-1 only)	Ν	
6-1-401	Appearance of Emissions (applies to A-1 only)	Ν	
SIP			
<b>Regulation 6</b>	Particulate Matter and Visible Emissions (9/4/98)		
6-301	Ringelmann No. 1 Limitation (applies to A-1 only)	Y	
6-305	Visible Particles (applies to A-1 only)	Y	
6-310	Particle Weight Limitation (applies to A-1 only)	Y	
6-401	Appearance of Emissions (applies to A-1 only)	Y	
BAAQMD			
Regulation 8,	Organic Compounds – Solid Waste Disposal Sites (6/15/05)		
Rule 34			
8-34-301	Landfill Gas Collection and Emission Control System Requirements	Y	
8-34-301.2	Collection and Control Systems Leak Limitations	Y	
8-34-301.3	Limits for Enclosed Flares (applies to A-1 only)	Y	

# Table IV – BSource-Specific Applicable RequirementsS-3 TEMPERATURE SWING ADSORPTION GAS CLEANING SYSTEMA-1 TSA WASTE GAS FLARE

		Federally	Future
Applicable	Regulation Title or	Enforceable	Effective
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)	Date
8-34-412	Compliance Demonstration Tests (applies to A-1 only)	Y	
8-34-413	Performance Test Report (applies to A-1 only)	Y	
8-34-501	Operating Records	Y	
8-34-501.2	Emission Control System Downtime	Y	
8-34-501.3	Continuous Temperature Records for Enclosed Combustors	Y	
	(applies to A-1 only)		
8-34-501.4	Testing	Y	
8-34-501.6	Leak Discovery and Repair Records	Y	
8-34-501.10	Gas Flow Rate Records for All Emission Control Systems	Y	
8-34-501.12	Records Retention for 5 Years	Y	
8-34-503	Landfill Gas Collection and Emission Control System Leak Testing	Y	
8-34-504	Portable Hydrocarbon Detector	Y	
8-34-507	Continuous Temperature Monitor and Recorder (applies to A-1 only)	Y	
8-34-508	Gas Flow Meter	Y	
BAAQMD			
Regulation 9,	Inorganic Gaseous Pollutants – Sulfur Dioxide (3/15/95)		
Rule 1			
9-1-301	Limitations on Ground Level Concentrations	Y	
9-1-302	General Emission Limitations (applies to A-1 only)	Y	
BAAQMD			
Regulation 9,	Inorganic Gaseous Pollutants – Hydrogen Sulfide (10/6/99)		
Rule 2			
9-2-301	Limitations on Hydrogen Sulfide	Ν	
BAAQMD			
Condition #			
23962			
Part 1	Waste Gas Abatement Requirement (Regulation 8-34-301 and BACT)	Y	
Part 2	Heat Input Limit for Flare, Gas Flow Rate Monitoring Requirement, and	Y	
	Records (Regulations 8-34-501.10 and 8-34-508, Offsets, and		
	Cumulative Increase)		
Part 3	NMOC Emission Limits for Flare (Regulation 8-34-301.3 and BACT)	Y	

# Table IV – BSource-Specific Applicable RequirementsS-3 TEMPERATURE SWING ADSORPTION GAS CLEANING SYSTEMA-1 TSA WASTE GAS FLARE

Applicable	Regulation Title or	Federally Enforceable	Future Effective
Requirement	Description of Requirement	(Y/N)	Date
Part 4	Combustion Zone Temperature Limit for Flare, Temperature Monitoring	Y	
	Requirements, and Records		
	(Regulations 8-34-501.3 and 8-34-507, BACT, and TBACT)		
Part 5	NO <sub>x</sub> Emissions Limits for Flare (RACT)	Y	
Part 6	CO Emissions Limits for Flare (RACT)	Y	
Part 7	SO <sub>2</sub> Emission Limits and Monitoring Procedures for Flare (RACT,	Y	
	Cumulative Increase and Regulation 9-1-302)		
Part 8	Formaldehyde Emission Limit for Flare (Regulation 2-5-302)	Ν	
Part 9	TAC Concentration Limits for Landfill Gas at the Flare Inlet and	Ν	
	Alternative TAC Emission Limits (Regulation 2-5-302)		
Part 10	Alarms and Automatic Controls for Flare	Y	
	(Regulation 8-34-301 and BACT)		
Part 11	Annual Source Testing Requirements for Flare	Y	
	(Regulations 2-5-302, 8-34-301.3, 8-34-412, and 9-1-302, RACT,		
	BACT, and TBACT)		
Part 12	Annual Landfill Gas Characterization Analyses	Y	
	(Regulation 2-5-501 and Cumulative Increase)		

# V. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

The permit holder shall comply with all applicable requirements cited in this permit. The permit holder shall also comply with applicable requirements that become effective during the term of this permit on a timely basis.

# **VI. PERMIT CONDITIONS**

Any condition that is preceded by an asterisk is not federally enforceable.

#### **Condition # 23400**

FOR S-1 AND S-2 LFG-FIRED INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES AND GENSETS:

- 1. The S-1 and S-2 Internal Combustion (IC) Engines shall be fired <u>exclusively</u> on <u>treated</u> landfill gas <u>collected-delivered</u> from the <u>Keller Canyon Landfill S-3 TSA Gas Cleaning</u> System, except as follows. During an S-3 Bypass Event, the S-1 and S-2 Engines may be fired on landfill gas collected from Keller Canyon Landfill that has undergone minimal landfill gas treatment (filtering and dewatering) and that has bypassed the S-3 TSA Gas Cleaning System, provided the operating time for these S-3 Bypass Events does not exceed 130 hours during any consecutive 12 month period. To demonstrate compliance with this part, the owner/operator shall record the date, time, and duration for each S-3 Bypass Event in a District approved logbook. These records shall be readily available and shall be maintained for at least five years from the data of entry. (Basis: Cumulative Increase and Regulation 2-5-302)
- 2. The heat input to each IC Engine (S-1 and S-2) shall not exceed 172,861 MM BTU (HHV) during any consecutive 12-month period. This limit is based on the full rated input capacity for each IC engine operating continuously. The Permit Holder shall demonstrate compliance with this limit by maintaining records of the heat input to each engine for each day, for each calendar month, and for each rolling 12-month period. Heat input shall be calculated using District approved procedures based on measured landfill gas flow rate data and measured landfill gas methane concentration data. The calculated heat input rates shall be recorded in a data acquisition system or electronic spreadsheet. The landfill gas flow rate to each engine shall be monitored and recorded continuously in accordance with Regulation 8-34-508. The landfill gas methane content supplied to either engine shall be monitored and recorded continuously using a gas chromatograph or other District approved device. The flow meters and methane sensor shall be installed and properly calibrated prior to any engine operation and shall be maintained in good working condition. (Basis: Regulations 8-34-501.10 and 8-34-508, Offsets, and Cumulative Increase)
- 3. Carbon Monoxide (CO) emissions from each IC Engine (S-1 and S-2) shall not exceed 2.1 grams of CO per brake-horsepower-hour. The Permit Holder may demonstrate compliance with this emission rate limit by having a carbon monoxide concentration in the engine exhaust of no more than 257 ppmv of CO, corrected to 15% oxygen, dry basis. An exhaust concentration measurement of more than 257 ppmv of CO shall not be deemed a violation of this part, if the Permit Holder can demonstrate that CO emissions did not exceed 2.1 g/bhp-hour during the test period. (Basis: Regulation 2-6 423.2.1, BACT<sub>7</sub> and Cumulative Increase)

# Condition # 23400

For S-1 and S-2 LFG-Fired Internal Combustion Engines and Gensets:

- 4. Nitrogen Oxide  $(NO_x)$  emissions from each IC Engine (S-1 and S-2) shall not exceed 0.6 grams of  $NO_x$  (calculated as  $NO_2$ ) per brake-horsepower-hour. The Permit Holder may demonstrate compliance with this emission rate limit by having a nitrogen oxide concentration in the engine exhaust of no more than 45 ppmv of  $NO_x$ , corrected to 15% oxygen, dry basis. An exhaust concentration measurement of more than 45 ppmv of  $NO_x$  shall not be deemed a violation of this part, if the Permit Holder can demonstrate that  $NO_x$  emissions did not exceed 0.6 g/bhp-hour during the test period. (Basis: BACT and Offsets)
- 5. Each IC Engine (S-1 and S-2) shall comply with either the destruction efficiency requirements or the non-methane organic compound (NMOC) outlet concentration limit specified in Regulation 8-34-301.4. (Basis: Regulations 2-5-302 and 8-34-301.4, BACT, TBACT, and Offsets)
- 6. In order to demonstrate on-going compliance with Part 5 and Regulation 8-34-509, the Permit Holder shall use average engine cylinder temperature as the key emission control system operating parameter for these engines, and the Permit Holder shall comply with the following limits and procedures. (Basis: Regulations 8-34-501.11 and 8-34-509)
  - a. For S-1, the average engine cylinder temperature shall be maintained at a minimum of 927 degrees F, averaged over each rolling 3-hour operating period, excluding start-up and shut-down periods.
  - b. For S-2, the average engine cylinder temperature shall be maintained at a minimum of 927 degrees F, averaged over each rolling 3-hour operating period, excluding start-up and shut-down periods.
  - c. For each engine (S-1 and S-2), each cylinder shall be equipped with a manufacturer's thermocouple that continuously and accurately reads the cylinder temperature. The average temperature for all the cylinders in the engine, shall be recorded at least once every 15 minutes of operation.
  - d. These temperature records shall be used to compute and record the rolling 3-hour average engine cylinder temperature for each engine.
  - e. For each engine, the rolling 3-hour average engine cylinder temperature shall be compared to the limits in Parts 6a and 6b to assess compliance with this part. The permit holder shall identify and record any rolling 3-hour periods (excluding start-up and shut-down periods) when the average engine cylinder temperature exceeds a limit, and the permit holder shall notify the District of each deviation.
- 7. Sulfur Dioxide  $(SO_2)$  emissions from each IC Engine (S-1 and S-2) shall not exceed 42.6 pounds of SO<sub>2</sub> per day. In addition, the emissions from S-1 and S-2 combined shall not exceed 8.64 tons of SO<sub>2</sub> during any consecutive 12-month period. The Permit Holder shall demonstrate compliance with these SO<sub>2</sub> emission limits by complying with the landfill gas concentration limits, monitoring and record keeping requirements identified in Parts 7a-e below. (Basis: BACT and Cumulative Increase)

# Condition # 23400

FOR S-1 AND S-2 LFG-FIRED INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES AND GENSETS:

- a. The concentration of total reduced sulfur (TRS) compounds in the treated landfill gas burned in the engines shall not exceed 600 ppmv of TRS, expressed as hydrogen sulfide ( $H_2S$ ) and corrected to a landfill gas methane concentration of 50% by volume, based on any individual source test or measurement.
- b. On a monthly basis, the Permit Holder shall use either a District approved portable hydrogen sulfide monitor or a District laboratory analysis method to determine the concentration of TRS (measured as  $H_2S$  and corrected to 50% methane) in the treated landfill gas that is delivered to S-1 or S-2. Methane concentrations measured pursuant to Part 2 shall be used to correct the calculated TRS concentrations to a landfill gas methane concentration of 50% by volume (corrected TRS = measured TRS / measured % CH<sub>4</sub> \* 50). The sampling dates and results shall be recorded in a District approved log.
  - i. If the portable  $H_2S$  analysis method is used, the TRS concentration shall be calculated by multiplying the measured  $H_2S$  concentration by 1.2 (TRS = 1.2 \*  $H_2S$ ).
  - ii. If a laboratory analysis method is used, the TRS concentration shall be calculated as the sum of the measured concentrations for the individual sulfur compounds, expressed as  $H_2S$ .
- c. If the corrected TRS concentration determined pursuant to Part 7b is 150 ppmv of TRS or less for each monthly measurement during a rolling 12 month period, no additional calculations are required to verify compliance with the SO2 emission limits identified above in Part 7. If any corrected TRS concentration measurement is greater than 150 ppmv of TRS during a rolling 12 month period, the Permit Holder shall use the calculation procedures in Parts 7d and 7e to demonstrate compliance with the daily and annual SO2 emission limits above.
- d. Daily SO2 emission calculation are not required if the corrected TRS concentration is 270 ppmv of TRS or less. For each month when the TRS concentration measured pursuant to Part 7b is greater than 270 ppmv of TRS, the Permit Holder shall determine the maximum daily SO2 emission rate (DE\_SO2, pounds/day) using the following equation:

 $DE_SO2 = Q_d * C_TRS * 1.66E-7$ , pounds/day, where:

- Q\_d is the maximum daily landfill gas flow rate (scf/day) to any single engine during the month under evaluation and is determined based on the landfill gas flow rate data recorded pursuant to Part 2,
- C\_TRS is the corrected concentration of TRS (ppmv of TRS expressed as H2S and corrected to a landfill gas methane concentration of 50% by volume) measured pursuant to Part 7b for the month under evaluation.

## Condition # 23400

FOR S-1 AND S-2 LFG-FIRED INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES AND GENSETS:

- e. Annual SO2 emission calculations shall be conducted for each rolling 12 month period, if any Part 7b corrected TRS concentration measurements are greater than 150 ppmv of TRS during that period. For each rolling 12-month period, the Permit Holder shall determine the annual emission rate to the two engines combined (AE\_SO2, tons/year) using the following equations:
  - AE\_SO2 = sum of all ME\_SO2 for the rolling 12 month period under evaluation, tons/year, and
  - $ME_SO2 = Q_m * C_TRS * 8.28E-11$ , tons/month, where:
  - Q\_m is the total combined landfill gas flow rate (scf/month) to the two engines combined during the month under evaluation and is determined based on the landfill gas flow rate data recorded pursuant to Part 2,
  - C\_TRS is the corrected concentration of TRS (ppmv of TRS expressed as H2S and corrected to a landfill gas methane concentration of 50% by volume) measured pursuant to Part 7b for the month under evaluation.
- \*8. Formaldehyde emissions from each IC Engine (S-1 and S-2) shall not exceed 0.73 pounds per hour per engine. (Basis: Regulation 2-5-302.1&3)
- 9. In order to demonstrate compliance with Parts 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8 above, and Regulations 8-34-301.4, 9-1-302, 9-8-302.1, and 9-8-302.3; and 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ, Section 60.4233(e) and Table 1, the Permit Holder shall ensure that a District approved source test is conducted within 12 months of the previous source test. This source test shall be conducted while the engine is operating at or near the maximum operating rate and shall determine all items identified in Parts 9a-m below. The Source Test Section of the District shall be contacted to obtain approval of the source test procedures at least 14 days in advance of each source test. The Source Test Section shall be notified of the scheduled test date at least 7 days in advance of each source test. The source test. The source Test Section within 60 days of the test date. (Basis: BACT, TBACT, Offsets, Cumulative Increase, and Regulations 2-5-302, 2-6423.2.1, 8-34-301.4, 8-34-412, 9-1-302, 9-8-302.1, and 9-8-302.3, 40 CFR 60.4223(e), and 40 CFR 60.4243(b)(2)(ii))
  - a. Operating rate for each engine during the test period (bhp);
  - b. Total flow rate of all gaseous fuel to each engine (dry basis, sdcfm);
  - c. Concentrations (dry basis) of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>), oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>), methane (CH<sub>4</sub>), total non-methane organic compounds (NMOC), hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S), and total reduced sulfur compounds (TRS) in the gaseous fuel burned in the engines (percent by volume or ppmv);
  - d. High heating value for the landfill gas (BTU/scf);
  - e. Heat input rate to each engine averaged over the test period (BTU/hour);

# Condition # 23400

FOR S-1 AND S-2 LFG-FIRED INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES AND GENSETS:

- f. Exhaust gas flow rate from each engine based on EPA Method 19 (dry basis, sdcfm);
- g. Concentrations (dry basis) of NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, CH<sub>4</sub>, NMOC, SO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> in the exhaust gas from each engine (ppmv or percent by volume);
- h. NO<sub>x</sub> and CO concentrations corrected to 15% O<sub>2</sub> in the exhaust gas from each engine (ppmv);
- i. NO<sub>x</sub> and CO emission rates from each engine (grams/bhp-hour);
- j. NMOC concentrations corrected to 3% O<sub>2</sub> in the exhaust gas from each engine (ppmv);
- k. NMOC and methane destruction efficiencies achieved by each engine (weight percent);
- 1. Formaldehyde emission rate from each engine (pounds/hour);
- m. Average engine cylinder temperature for each engine, averaged over the test period, with average cylinder temperatures recorded at least once every 15 minutes as required in Part 6c.

# **Condition # 23962**

FOR S-3 TSA GAS CLEANING SYSTEM AND A-1 TSA WASTE GAS FLARE:

- 1. All waste flush gas generated by the carbon desorption cycle at S-3 shall be vented to the A-1 TSA Waste Gas Flare. Landfill gas delivered from Keller Canyon Landfill may be burned in A-1 or blended with the flush gas prior to combustion in A-1, if the use of this supplemental landfill gas is necessary to ensure proper operation of A-1. The A-1 flare shall be operated continuously during any time that gas is being vented to this flare. (Basis: <u>Regulation 8-34-301 and BACT</u>)
- 2. The heat input rate to the A-1 Flare shall not exceed 72,270 million BTU (HHV) during any consecutive 12-month period. This limit is based on the full rated input capacity for the flare operating continuously. In order to demonstrate compliance with this part, the A-1 flare shall be equipped with a continuous gas flow meter and recorder, and the owner/operator shall maintain records of the heat input to A-1 for each day, for each calendar month, and for each rolling 12-month period. Heat input shall be calculated using District approved procedures based on measured landfill gas flow rate data and measured landfill gas methane concentration data. The calculated heat input rates shall be recorded in a data acquisition system or electronic spreadsheet. The methane content in the inlet gas shall be monitored and recorded continuously using a gas chromatograph or other District approved device. The flow meters and methane sensor shall be installed and properly calibrated prior to initial operation of A-1 and shall be maintained in good working condition. (Basis: <u>Regulation 8-34-501.10 and 8-34-508</u>, Offsets, and Cumulative Increase)
- 3. The A-1 Flare shall either achieve 98% by weight destruction of the total non-methane organic compounds (NMOC) in the inlet gas or shall emit no more than 30 ppmv of NMOC, expressed as methane and corrected to 3% oxygen, in the exhaust gas from A-1. (Basis: <u>Regulation 8-34-301.3 and BACT</u>)
- 4. In order to ensure compliance with Part 3 and to ensure adequate destruction of the toxic air contaminants present in the inlet gas, the owner/operator shall maintain the combustion zone temperature of the A-1 Flare at a minimum temperature of 1474 degrees F, averaged over any 3-hour period. If a source test demonstrates compliance with all applicable requirements at a different temperature, the APCO may revise this minimum temperature requirement in accordance with the procedures identified in Regulation 2-6-414 or 2-6-415 and the following criteria. The minimum combustion zone temperature for the flare shall be equal to the average combustion zone temperature determined during the most recent complying source test minus 50 degrees F, provided that the minimum combustion zone temperature is not less than 1400 degrees F. To demonstrate compliance with this part, the A-1 flare shall be equipped with a temperature monitor with readout display and continuous recorder. One or more thermocouples shall be placed in the primary combustion zone of the flare and these thermocouples shall accurately indicate the combustion zone temperature at all times. (Basis: Regulations 8-34-501.3 and 8-34-507, BACT, and TBACT)

# **Condition # 23962**

FOR S-3 TSA GAS CLEANING SYSTEM AND A-1 TSA WASTE GAS FLARE:

- 5. Nitrogen oxide (NOx) emissions from the A-1 flare shall not exceed 0.06 pounds of NOx, expressed as NO2, per million BTU of heat input. Compliance with this emission limit may be demonstrated by not exceeding the following exhaust gas concentration limit: 15 ppmv of NO<sub>x</sub>, expressed as NO<sub>2</sub> at 15% oxygen on a dry basis. (Basis: RACT)
- 6. Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions from the A-1 flare shall not exceed 0.20 pounds of CO per million BTU of heat input. Compliance with this emission limit may be demonstrated by not exceeding the following exhaust gas concentration limit: 81 ppmv of CO at 15% oxygen on a dry basis. (Basis: RACT)
- 7. Sulfur dioxide (SO2) emissions from the A-1 flare shall not exceed the following limits:
  - a. The SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate from A-1 shall not exceed 13.9 pounds per hour; and (Basis: RACT)
  - b. The outlet SO<sub>2</sub> concentration in the stack from A-1 shall not exceed the Regulation 9-1-302 outlet SO<sub>2</sub> concentration limit (at the as-found oxygen concentration); and (Basis: Regulation 9-1-302)

(Basis: Regulation 9-1-302)

- c. The SO<sub>2</sub> emissions from A-1, S-1, and S-2 combined shall not exceed 20.9 tons of SO<sub>2</sub> during any consecutive 12-month period. The owner/operator shall demonstrate compliance with this emission rate limit by complying with the heat input limits and monitoring procedures in Condition # 23962, Part 2 and in Condition # 23400, Part 2 and by demonstrating that the landfill delivered to this facility from Keller Canyon Landfill (Plant #4618) contains no more than 300 ppmv of total reduced sulfur compounds (dry basis), expressed as  $H_2S$  and averaged over any consecutive rolling 12-month period; and (Basis: Cumulative Increase)
- d. To demonstrate compliance with the Condition # 23962, Part 7c average landfill gas sulfur content level, the owner/operator shall conduct monthly measurements on the untreated landfill gas delivered to this site from Plant # 4618, concurrent with the monthly measurements of treated landfill gas required by Condition # 23400, Part 7b. The owner/operator shall use either a District approved portable hydrogen sulfide monitor or a District laboratory analysis method to determine the concentration of total reduced sulfur compounds (expressed as  $H_2S$ ) in the untreated landfill gas that is delivered to this facility; and

(Basis: Cumulative Increase)

- i. If the portable  $H_2S$  analysis method is used, the TRS concentration shall be calculated by multiplying the measured  $H_2S$  concentration by 1.2 (TRS = 1.2 \*  $H_2S$ ).
- ii. If a laboratory analysis method is used, the TRS concentration shall be calculated as the sum of the measured concentrations for the individual sulfur compounds, expressed as  $H_2S$ .

### **Condition # 23962**

FOR S-3 TSA GAS CLEANING SYSTEM AND A-1 TSA WASTE GAS FLARE:

- e. The owner/operator shall record the sampling dates, measurement results, and TRS calculations in a District approved log. The owner/operator shall calculate and record the average TRS content in the untreated landfill gas for each consecutive rolling 12-month period and shall compare this average to the limit in Part 7c. (Basis: Cumulative Increase)
- \*8. Formaldehyde emissions from the flare (A-1) shall not exceed 1.0E-3 pounds per hour. (Basis: Regulation 2-5-302)
- \*9. The concentration of toxic air contaminants (TACs) in the inlet gas to the A-1 Flare shall not exceed any of the levels listed below, unless the owner/operator can demonstrate to the APCO's satisfaction that flare emissions have not exceeded the emission rate specified below. This demonstration shall be made using District approved calculation procedures within 60 days of receiving test results. (Basis: Regulation 2-5-302)

	Concentration	Emissions
Compound	<u>(ppmv, dry)</u>	pounds/year
Benzene	100	44.0
Ethyl Benzene	200	119.7
Ethylene Dichloride	10	5.6
Methylene Chloride	10	4.8
Perchloroethylene	15	14.0
Trichloroethylene	10	7.4
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	0.2

- 10. The A-1 flare shall be equipped with both local and remote alarms, automatic combustion air control, automatic gas shutoff valves, and automatic start/restart system. (Basis: <u>Regulation 8-34-301 and BACT</u>)
- 11. In order to demonstrate compliance with Parts 3 through 8 above, the owner/operator shall conduct an annual compliance demonstration source test at the A-1 TSA Waste Gas Flare within 12 months of the previous test date. The Source Test Section of the District shall be contacted to obtain approval of the source test procedures at least 14 days in advance of each source test. The Source Test Section shall be notified of the scheduled test date at least 7 days in advance of each source test. The source test. The source test report shall be submitted to the Source Test Section within 60 days of the test date. Each annual source test shall measure or determine the criteria in subparts a-i below. (Basis: RACT, BACT, TBACT, and Regulations 2-5-302, 8-34-301.3, 8-34-412, and 9-1-302)
  - a. inlet gas flow rate <u>for each gas delivered</u> to the flare (scfm, dry basis);
  - b. concentrations (dry basis) of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>), oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>), methane (CH<sub>4</sub>), and total non-methane organic compounds (NMOC) in the cach inlet gas to the flare;

### **Condition # 23962**

FOR S-3 TSA GAS CLEANING SYSTEM AND A-1 TSA WASTE GAS FLARE:

- c. <u>total</u> inlet heat input rate to the flare in units of MM BTU (HHV) per hour;
- d. stack gas flow rate from the flare (scfm, dry basis);
- e. concentrations (dry basis) of  $CH_4$ , NMOC, NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, SO<sub>2</sub>, and O<sub>2</sub> (and concentrations of organic compounds listed in Part 12, if required), in the flare stack gas;
- f. NMOC and CH<sub>4</sub> destruction efficiencies achieved by the flare (by weight);
- g. average combustion zone temperature in the flare during the test period;
- h.  $NO_x$ , CO, and SO<sub>2</sub> concentrations corrected to 15% O<sub>2</sub> (dry basis), and NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and SO<sub>2</sub> emission rates from the flare in units of pounds per hour and pounds per MM BTU,
- i. formaldehyde emissions from the flare in units of pounds per hour.
- 12. In order to demonstrate compliance with Parts 7c and 9, the owner/operator shall conduct a characterization of the flare inlet gas concurrent with the annual source test required by Part 11 above. In addition to the compounds listed in Part 11b, the flare inlet gas shall be analyzed for, as a minimum, the organic compounds listed below. If the owner/operator is electing to demonstrate compliance with Part 7 using the methods in Part 7c instead of Parts 7a or 7b, the permit holder shall analyze the flare inlet gas for, as a minimum, the sulfur compounds listed below, and the owner/operator does not need to conduct the SO2 analysis or calculations in Parts 11e and 11h. All concentrations shall be reported on a dry basis. The test report shall be submitted to the Compliance and Enforcement Division and Source Test Section within 60 days of the test date. (Basis: Regulation 2-5-501 and Cumulative Increase)

Organic Compounds Benzene Ethyl Benzene Ethylene Dichloride Methylene Chloride Perchloroethylene Trichloroethylene Vinyl Chloride

Sulfur Compounds Carbon Disulfide Carbonyl Sulfide Dimethyl Sulfide Ethyl Mercaptan Hydrogen Sulfide Methyl Mercaptan

# VII. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND COMPLIANCE MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

This section has been included to summarize the applicable emission limits contained in Section IV, Source-Specific Applicable Requirements, of this permit. The following tables show the relationship between each emission limit and the associated compliance monitoring provisions, if any. The monitoring frequency column indicates whether periodic (P) or continuous (C) monitoring is required. For periodic monitoring, the frequency of the monitoring has also been shown using the following codes: annual (A), quarterly (Q), monthly (M), weekly (W), daily (D), hourly (H), or on an event basis (E). No monitoring (N) has been required if the current applicable rule or regulation does not require monitoring, and the operation is unlikely to deviate from the applicable emission limit based upon the nature of the operation.

This section is only a summary of the limits and monitoring requirements. In the case of a conflict with any requirement in Sections I-VI, the preceding sections take precedence over Section VII.

Table VII – A
<b>Applicable Limits and Compliance Monitoring Requirements</b>
S-1 LFG-FIRED INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE AND GENSET
S-2 LFG-FIRED INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE AND GENSET

			Future		Monitoring	Monitoring	
Type of	Citation of	FE	Effective		Requirement	Frequency	Monitoring
Limit	Limit	Y/N	Date	Limit	Citation	(P/C/N)	Туре
Periods of	BAAQMD	Y		$\leq$ 15 consecutive days	BAAQMD	P/D	Operating
Inopera-	1-523.2			per incident and	1-523.4		Records for
tion for				< 30 calendar days			All
Para-				per 12 month period			Parametric
metric							Monitors
Monitors							
Contin-	40 CFR	Y		Requires Continuous	40 CFR	P/D	Operating
uous	60.13(e)			Operation except for	60.7(b)		Records for
Monitors				breakdowns, repairs,			All
				calibration, and required			Continuous
				span adjustments			Monitors

# Table VII – AApplicable Limits and Compliance Monitoring RequirementsS-1 LFG-Fired Internal Combustion Engine and GensetS-2 LFG-Fired Internal Combustion Engine and Genset

			Future		Monitoring	Monitoring	
Type of	Citation of	FE	Effective		Requirement	Frequency	Monitoring
Limit	Limit	Y/N	Date	Limit	Citation	(P/C/N)	Туре
TOC	BAAQMD	Y		Component Leak Limit:	BAAQMD	P/Q	Inspection
(Total	8-34-301.2			$\leq$ 1000 ppmv as methane	8-34-501.6		of Control
Organic					and 503		System
Com-							Components
pounds							with
Plus							Portable
Methane)							Analyzer
							and Records
Volatile	40 CFR,	Y		<u>&lt;</u> 80 ppmv,	40 CFR	P/A or	Maintenance
Organic	Part			dry basis @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> ,	Part 60.4243	every 8760	Plan,
Com-	60.4233(e)			expressed as propane,	(b)(2)(ii)	hours, or	Maintenance
pounds	and			Or	and	every 3	Records,
(VOC)	Table 1 of			$\leq$ 1.0 grams/bhp-hour,	BAAQMD	years,	Source
	Subpart JJJJ			calculated as C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	Condition #	whichever	Tests, and
				(both limits exclude	23400,	occurs first	Records
				formaldehyde emissions)	Part 9m-n		
Non-	BAAQMD	Y		$\geq$ 98% removal by weight	BAAQMD	P/A	Source Tests
Methane	8-34-301.4			OR	8-34-412 and		and Records
Organic	and			< 120 ppmv,	501.4 and		
Com-	BAAQMD			dry basis @ 3% O <sub>2</sub> ,	BAAQMD		
pounds	Condition #			expressed as methane	Condition #		
(NMOC)	23400,				23400,		
	Part 5				Part 9j-k		
Key	BAAQMD	Y		Average Engine Cylinder	BAAQMD	С	Thermo-
Emission	8-34-509			Temperature:	8-34-501.11		couple and
Control	and			For S-1: $\geq$ 927 °F	and 509 and		Records
System	BAAQMD			For S-2: $\geq$ 927 °F	BAAQMD		
Operating	Condition #				Condition #		
Parameter	23400,				23400, Parts		
	Part 6				6c-e and 9m		
Opacity	BAAQMD	Y		No darker than:	None	Ν	NA
	6-301			Ringelmann No. 1			
				for < 3 minutes/hour			

# Table VII – AApplicable Limits and Compliance Monitoring RequirementsS-1 LFG-FIRED INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE AND GENSETS-2 LFG-FIRED INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE AND GENSET

			Future		Monitoring	Monitoring	
Type of	Citation of	FE	Effective		Requirement	Frequency	Monitoring
Limit	Limit	Y/N	Date	Limit	Citation	(P/C/N)	Туре
FP	BAAQMD	Y		<u>&lt; 0.15 grains/dscf</u>	None	Ν	NA
	6-310						
$SO_2$	BAAQMD	Y		Property Line Ground	None	Ν	NA
	9-1-301			Level Limits:			
				$\leq$ 0.5 ppm for 3 minutes			
				and $\leq 0.25$ ppm for 60 min.			
				and $\leq 0.05$ ppm for 24 hours			
$SO_2$	BAAQMD	Y		<u> &lt; 300 ppm (dry basis) </u>	BAAQMD	P/A	Source Test
	9-1-302				Condition #		and Records
					23400		
					Part 9g		
$SO_2$	BAAQMD	Y		<u>&lt;</u> 42.6 pounds/day	BAAQMD	P/C	Gas Flow
	Condition #			per engine	Condition #	and	Meter,
	23400,			and	23400	P/M	Sulfur
	Part 7			$\leq$ 8.64 tons/year,	Parts 2, 7b-e,	and	Analysis of
				from S-1 and S-2	and 9g	P/A	Landfill
				combined			Gas, Source
							Tests, Cal-
							culations,
							and Records
Total	BAAQMD	Y		<u>&lt;</u> 600 ppmv,	BAAQMD	P/M	Sulfur
Reduced	Condition #			expressed as H <sub>2</sub> S,	Condition #		Analysis of
Sulfur	23400,			corrected to 50%	23400		Landfill Gas
(TRS) in	Part 7a			methane in LFG	Part 7b-e		and Records
Landfill							
Gas							
$H_2S$	BAAQMD	Ν		Property Line Ground	None	Ν	NA
	9-2-301			Level Limits:			
				<u>&lt;</u> 0.06 ppm,			
				averaged over 3 minutes			
				and $\leq 0.03$ ppm,			
				averaged over 60 minutes			

# Table VII – AApplicable Limits and Compliance Monitoring RequirementsS-1 LFG-Fired Internal Combustion Engine and GensetS-2 LFG-Fired Internal Combustion Engine and Genset

			Future		Monitoring	Monitoring	
Type of	Citation of	FE	Effective		Requirement	Frequency	Monitoring
Limit	Limit	Y/N	Date	Limit	Citation	(P/C/N)	Туре
NO <sub>x</sub>	BAAQMD	Y		Waste Fuel Gas, Lean-Burn	BAAQMD	P/A	Source Tests
	9-8-302.1			<u>&lt;</u> 70 ppmv,	Condition #		and Records
				dry basis @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	23400,		
					Part 9h		
NO <sub>x</sub>	40 CFR,	Y		<u>&lt;</u> 220 ppmv,	40 CFR	P/A or	Maintenance
	Part			dry basis @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	Part 60.4243	every 8760	Plan,
	60.4233(e)			Or	(b)(2)(ii)	hours, or	Maintenance
	and			$\leq$ 3.0 grams/bhp-hour,	and	every 3	Records,
	Table 1 of			calculated as NO <sub>2</sub>	BAAQMD	years,	Source
	Subpart JJJJ				Condition #	whichever	Tests, and
					23400,	occurs first	Records
					Parts 9h-i		
NO <sub>x</sub>	BAAQMD	Y		<u>&lt;</u> 45 ppmv,	BAAQMD	P/A	Source Tests
	Condition #			dry basis @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> ,	Condition #		and Records
	23400,			unless emissions	23400,		
	Part 4			$\leq$ 0.6 grams/bhp-hour,	Part 9h-i		
				calculated as NO <sub>2</sub>			
CO	BAAQMD	Y		Waste Fuel Gas:	BAAQMD	P/A	Source Tests
	9-8-302.3			<u>&lt;</u> 2000 ppmv,	Condition #		and Records
				dry basis @ 15% $O_2$	23400,		
					Part 9h		
CO	40 CFR,	Y		<u>&lt;</u> 610 ppmv,	40 CFR	P/A or	Maintenance
	Part			dry basis @ 15% $O_2$	Part 60.4243	every 8760	Plan,
	60.4233(e)			Or	(b)(2)(ii)	hours, or	Maintenance
	and			$\leq$ 5.0 grams/bhp-hour	and	every 3	Records,
	Table 1 of				BAAQMD	years,	Source
	Subpart JJJJ				Condition #	whichever	Tests, and
					23400,	occurs first	Records
					Parts 9h-i		
CO	BAAQMD	Y		<u>&lt;</u> 257 ppmv,	BAAQMD	P/A	Source Tests
	Condition #			dry basis @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> ,	Condition #		and Records
	23400,			unless emissions	23400,		
	Part 3			$\leq$ 2.1 grams/bhp-hour	Part 9h-i		

# Table VII – AApplicable Limits and Compliance Monitoring RequirementsS-1 LFG-Fired Internal Combustion Engine and GensetS-2 LFG-Fired Internal Combustion Engine and Genset

			Future		Monitoring	Monitoring	
Type of	Citation of	FE	Effective		Requirement	Frequency	Monitoring
Limit	Limit	Y/N	Date	Limit	Citation	(P/C/N)	Туре
Operating	BAAQMD	N		Operating Time Limit for	BAAQMD	P/E	Records
Time	Condition #			S-3 Bypass Events	Condition #		
	23400,			(during which S-1 and S-2	23400,		
	Part 1			are fired on minimally	Part 1		
				treated landfill gas that has			
				bypassed S-3):			
				<u>&lt;</u> 130 hour			
				Per 12-month period			
Heat	BAAQMD	Y		To Each Engine:	BAAQMD	C and	Gas Flow
Input	Condition #			<u>&lt;</u> 172,861 MM BTU	8-34-501.10	P/D, M	Meter and
	23400,			Per 12-month period	and 508		Recorder,
	Part 2				and		Methane
					BAAQMD		Measure-
					Condition #		ments,
					23400,		Calcula-
					Part 2		tions, and
							Records
Formal-	BAAQMD	Ν		$\leq$ 0.73 pounds/hour	BAAQMD	P/A	Source Tests
dehyde	Condition #			per engine	Condition #		and Records
	23400,				23400,		
	Part 8				Part 91		

			Future		Monitoring	Monitoring	
Type of	Citation of	FE	Effective		Requirement	Frequency	Monitoring
Limit	Limit	Y/N	Date	Limit	Citation	(P/C/N)	Туре
Periods of	BAAQMD	Y		$\leq$ 15 consecutive days	BAAQMD	P/D	Operating
Inopera-	1-523.2			per incident and	1-523.4		Records for
tion for				$\leq$ 30 calendar days			All
Para-				per 12 month period			Parametric
metric							Monitors
Monitors							
Contin-	40 CFR	Y		Requires Continuous	40 CFR	P/D	Operating
uous	60.13(e)			Operation except for	60.7(b)		Records for
Monitors				breakdowns, repairs,			All
				calibration, and required			Continuous
				span adjustments			Monitors
TOC	BAAQMD	Y		Component Leak Limit:	BAAQMD	P/Q	Inspection
(Total	8-34-301.2			$\leq$ 1000 ppmv as methane	8-34-501.6		of
Organic					and 503		Components
Com-							Containing
pounds							LFG with
Plus							Portable
Methane)							Analyzer
							and Records
Non-	BAAQMD	Y		For A-1 Flare:	BAAQMD	P/A	Source Tests
Methane	8-34-301.3			$\geq$ 98% removal by weight	8-34-412 and		and Records
Organic	and			OR	8-34-501.4		
Com-	BAAQMD			< 30 ppmv,	and		
pounds	Condition #			dry basis @ 3% O <sub>2</sub> ,	BAAQMD		
(NMOC)	23962,			expressed as methane	Condition #		
	Part 3				23962,		
					Parts 11e-f		

			Future		Monitoring	Monitoring	
Type of	Citation of	FE	Effective		Requirement	Frequency	Monitoring
Limit	Limit	Y/N	Date	Limit	Citation	(P/C/N)	Туре
Temper-	BAAQMD	Y		For A-1 Flare:	BAAQMD	С	Temperature
ature of	Condition			CT $\geq$ 1474 °F,	8-34-501.3		Sensor and
Combus-	# 23962,			averaged over any 3-hour	and 507		Recorder
tion Zone	Part 4			period	and		
(CT)					BAAQMD		
					Condition #		
					23962, Part 4		
Opacity	BAAQMD	Y		For A-1 Flare:	None	Ν	N/A
	6-1-301			No Darker Than:			
				Ringelmann No. 1			
				for < 3 minutes/hour			
FP	BAAQMD	Y		For A-1 Flare:	None	Ν	N/A
	6-1-310			< 0.15 grains/dscf			
$SO_2$	BAAQMD	Y		Property Line Ground	None	Ν	N/A
	9-1-301			Level Limits:			
				$\leq$ 0.5 ppm for 3 minutes			
				and $\leq 0.25$ ppm for 60 min.			
				and $\leq 0.05$ ppm for 24 hours			
$SO_2$	BAAQMD	Y		For A-1 Flare:	BAAQMD	P/A	Flare Source
	Regulation			< 300 ppm (dry basis)	Condition #		Test and
	9-1-302				23962,		Records; or
					Part 11e		Sulfur
							Analysis of
							Landfill Gas
							and Records
$SO_2$	BAAQMD	Y		Emissions of SO <sub>2</sub>	BAAQMD	P/A	Flare Source
	Condition			from A-1 Flare:	Condition #		Test and
	# 23962,			< 13.9 pounds/hour	23962,		Records;
	Part 7a				Parts 11-12		and Sulfur
							Analysis of
							Landfill Gas
							and Records

			Future		Monitoring	Monitoring	
Type of	Citation of	FE	Effective		Requirement	Frequency	Monitoring
Limit	Limit	Y/N	Date	Limit	Citation	(P/C/N)	Туре
$SO_2$	BAAQMD	Y		Emissions of SO <sub>2</sub>	BAAQMD	P/A	Flare Source
	Condition			from A-1, S-1, and S-2	Condition #		Test, Sulfur
	# 23962,			Combined:	23962,		Analysis of
	Part 7c			<u>&lt;</u> 20.9 tons	Parts 2, 7c-e,		Treated and
				during any consecutive	11, and 12		Untreated
				12-month period	and		Landfill
					BAAQMD		Gas,
					Condition #		Calculations
					23400,		and Records
					Part 2		
TRS	BAAQMD	Y		Concentration of TRS in	BAAQMD	P/A	Sulfur
	Condition			Untreated LFG Received	Condition #		Analysis of
	# 23962,			from Keller Canyon	23962,		Landfill
	Part 7d			Landfill:	Parts 7d-e,		Gas,
				<u>&lt;</u> 300 ppmv of TRS,	and 12		Calculations
				expressed as H <sub>2</sub> S and			and Records
				averaged over each			
				consecutive rolling			
				12-month period			
$H_2S$	BAAQMD	Ν		Property Line Ground	None	Ν	N/A
	9-2-301			Level Limits:			
				<u>&lt;</u> 0.06 ppm,			
				averaged over 3 minutes			
				and <u>&lt;</u> 0.03 ppm,			
				averaged over 60 minutes			
Heat	BAAQMD	Y		For A-1 Flare:	BAAQMD	P/C, M	Gas Flow
Input	Condition			<u>&lt;</u> 72,270 MM BTU	Condition		Meter,
	# 23962,			per 12-month period	# 23962,		Methane
	Part 2				Part 2		Measure-
							ments, Cal-
							culations,
							and Records

			Future		Monitoring	Monitoring	
Type of	Citation of	FE	Effective		Requirement	Frequency	Monitoring
Limit	Limit	Y/N	Date	Limit	Citation	(P/C/N)	Туре
NO <sub>x</sub>	BAAQMD	Y		For A-1 Flare:	BAAQMD	P/A	Flare Source
	Condition			<u>&lt;</u> 15 ppmv,	Condition		Tests and
	# 23962,			dry basis @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	# 23962,		Records
	Part 5			Or	Part 11e,h		
				$\leq$ 0.06 pounds/MM BTU,			
				calculated as NO <sub>2</sub>			
CO	BAAQMD	Y		For A-1 Flare:	BAAQMD	P/A	Flare Source
	Condition			<u>&lt;</u> 81 ppmv,	Condition		Tests and
	# 23962,			dry basis @ 15% O <sub>2</sub>	# 23962,		Records
	Part 6			Or	Part 11e,h		
				$\leq$ 0.20 pounds/MM BTU			
Formal-	BAAQMD	Ν		For A-1 Flare:	BAAQMD	P/A	Flare Source
dehyde	Condition			$\leq$ 1.0E-3 pounds/hour	Condition #		Test and
	# 23962,				23962,		Records
	Part 8				Part 11i		
Toxic Air	BAAQMD	Ν		LFG TAC Concentration	BAAQMD	P/A	Landfill Gas
Contam-	Condition			Limits (ppmv, dry):	Condition #		Analysis and
inent	# 23962,			Benzene $\leq 100$	23962,		Records
(TAC)	Part 9			Ethyl Benzene $\leq 200$	Part 12		
Concen-				Ethylene Dichloride $\leq 10$			
trations in				Methylene Chloride $\leq 10$			
Landfill				Perchloroethylene $\leq 15$			
Gas				Trichloroethylene $\leq 10$			
				Vinyl Chloride $\leq 0.5$			
TAC	BAAQMD	Ν		TAC Emission Limits	BAAQMD	P/A	Flare Source
Emission	Condition			(pounds/year) From A-1:	Condition #		Test,
Limits	# 23962,			Benzene < 44.0	23962,		Calculations
	Part 9			Ethyl Benzene < 119.7	Part 11e		and Records
				Ethylene Dichloride < 5.6			
				Methylene Chloride < 4.8			
				Perchloroethylene < 14.0			
				Trichloroethylene < 7.4			
				Vinyl Chloride < 0.2			

# VIII. TEST METHODS

The test methods associated with the emission limit of a District regulation are generally found in Section 600 et seq. of the regulation. The following table indicates only the test methods associated with the emission limits included in Section VII, Applicable Limits and Compliance Monitoring Requirements, of this permit.

Applicable		
Requirement	Description of Requirement	Acceptable Test Methods
BAAQMD	Ringelmann No. 1 Limitation	Manual of Procedures, Volume I, Evaluation of Visible Emissions;
6-1-301 and		or
SIP 6-301		US EPA Reference Method 9, Visual Determination of the Opacity
		of Emissions from Stationary Sources
BAAQMD	Particulate Weight Limitation	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-15, Particulates Sampling;
6-1-310 and		or
SIP 6-303		US EPA Reference Method 5, Determination of Particulate Matter
		Emissions from Stationary Sources
BAAQMD	Collection and Control System	US EPA Reference Method 21, Determination of Volatile Organic
8-34-301.2	Leak Limitations	Compound Leaks
BAAQMD	Limits for Flares	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-7, Organic Compounds and
8-34-301.3		ST-14, Oxygen continuous Sampling;
		or
		US EPA Reference Methods 18, 25, 25A, or 25C and Methods 3,
		3A, or 3B
BAAQMD	Limits for Other Emission	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-7, Organic Compounds and
8-34-301.4	Control Systems	ST-14, Oxygen continuous Sampling;
		or
		US EPA Reference Methods 18, 25, 25A, or 25C and Methods 3,
		3A, or 3B

Table VIII Test Methods

Applicable		
Requirement	Description of Requirement	Acceptable Test Methods
BAAQMD	Compliance Demonstration Test	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-7, Organic Compounds and
8-34-412		ST-14, Oxygen, Continuous Sampling, ST-17, Stack Gas Velocity
		and Volumetric Flow Rate, ST-18, Stack Traverse Point
		Determination; ST-23, Water Vapor; or
		US EPA Reference Method 18, Measurement of Gaseous Organic
		Compound Emissions by Gas Chromatography, Method 25,
		Determination of Total Gaseous Nonmethane Organic Emissions as
		Carbon, Method 25A, Determination of Total Gaseous Organic
		Concentration Using a Flame Ionization Analyzer, or Method 25C,
		Determination of Nonmethane Organic Compounds (NMOC) in
		MSW Landfill Gases; and
		EPA Reference Method 3, Gas Analysis for the Determination of
		Dry Molecular Weight, Method 3A, Determination of Oxygen and
		Carbon Dioxide Concentrations in Emissions from Stationary
		Sources (Instrumental Analyzer Procedure), or Method 3B, Gas
		Analysis for the Determination of Emission Rate Correction Factor
		or Excess Air
BAAQMD	Limitations on Ground Level	Manual of Procedures, Volume VI, Part 1, Ground Level
9-1-301	Concentrations (SO <sub>2</sub> )	Monitoring for Hydrogen Sulfide and Sulfur Dioxide
BAAQMD	General Emission Limitation	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-19A, Sulfur Dioxide,
9-1-302	(SO <sub>2</sub> )	Continuous Sampling
BAAQMD	Limitations on Hydrogen	Manual of Procedures, Volume VI, Part 1, Ground Level
9-2-301	Sulfide	Monitoring for Hydrogen Sulfide and Sulfur Dioxide
BAAQMD	NO <sub>x</sub> Emission Limit for Engines	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-13A, Oxides of Nitrogen,
9-8-302.1		Continuous Sampling and ST-14, Oxygen, Continuous Sampling
BAAQMD	CO Emission Limit for Engines	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-6, Carbon Monoxide,
9-8-302.3		Continuous Sampling and ST-14, Oxygen, Continuous Sampling

Applicable		
Requirement	Description of Requirement	Acceptable Test Methods
40 CFR 60.8	Performance Tests	US EPA Reference Method 1, Sample and Velocity Traverses for
		Stationary Sources, or Method 1A, Sample and Velocity Traverses
		for Stationary Sources with Small Stacks or Ducts; Method 2,
		Determination of Stack Gas Velocity and Volumetric Flow Rate
		(Type S Pitot Tube); Method 3, Gas Analysis for the Determination
		of Dry Molecular Weight, Method 3A, Determination of Oxygen
		and Carbon Dioxide Concentrations in Emissions from Stationary
		Sources (Instrumental Analyzer Procedure), or Method 3B, Gas
		Analysis for the Determination of Emission Rate Correction Factor
		or Excess Air; or Method 3C, Determination of Carbon Dioxide,
		Methane, Nitrogen, and Oxygen from Stationary Sources;
		Method 4, Determination of Moisture in Stack Gases; Method 5,
		Determination of Particulate Matter Emissions from Stationary
		Sources; Method 6, Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Emissions
		from Stationary Sources, or Method 6C, Determination of Sulfur
		Dioxide Emissions from Stationary Sources (Instrumental Analyzer
		Procedure); Method 7E, Determination of Nitrogen Oxide
		Emissions from Stationary Sources (Instrumental Analyzer
		Procedure); Method 10, Determination of Carbon Monoxide
		Emissions from Stationary Sources; Method 18, Measurement of
		Gaseous Organic Compound Emissions by Gas Chromatography;
		Method 19, Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Removal Efficiency
		and Particulate, Sulfur Dioxide, and Nitrogen Oxide Emission
		Rates; Method 20, Determination of Nitrogen Oxides, Sulfur
		Dioxide, and Diluent Emissions from Stationary Gas Turbines;
		Method 25, Determination of Total Gaseous Nonmethane Organic
		Emissions as Carbon, Method 25A, Determination of Total
		Gaseous Organic Concentration Using a Flame Ionization
		Analyzer, or Method 25C, Determination of Nonmethane Organic
		Compounds (NMOC) in MSW Landfill Gases;
		And
		ASTM D1072-80 or 90, D3246-81, 92, or 96, D4084-82 or 94,
		D4468-85, D5504-01, or D6228-98
40 CFR	NO <sub>x</sub> , CO, and VOC Emission	EPA Reference Method 1; Methods 3, 3A, or 3B; Methods 2 or19;
60.4233(e) and	Standards for Stationary Non-	Method 4; Method 7E; Method 10; Methods 18 or 25A; and
Table 1 of	Emergency Spark-Ignited	Calculation Procedures in 40 CFR 60.4244
Subpart JJJJ	Engines	

Applicable		
Requirement	Description of Requirement	Acceptable Test Methods
BAAQMD	Heat Input Limits for Engines	APCO approved gas flow meter; EPA Reference Method 3C; and
Condition		APCO approved calculation procedure described in BAAQMD
# 23400,		Condition # 23400, Part 2
Part 2		
BAAQMD	CO Emission Limit for Engines	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-6 and ST-14; or
Condition		US EPA Reference Method 10 and Method 3A
# 23400,		
Part 3		
BAAQMD	NO <sub>x</sub> Emission Limit for Engines	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-13A and ST-14; or
Condition		US EPA Reference Method 7E and Method 3A
# 23400,		
Part 4		
BAAQMD	NMOC Emission Limits for	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-7 and ST-14; or
Condition	Engines	US EPA Reference Methods 18, 25, 25A, or 25C and Method 3A
# 23400,		
Part 5		
BAAQMD	SO <sub>2</sub> Emission Limit for Engines	Emission Calculation Procedures Described in Condition # 23400,
Condition		Part 7b-e
# 23400,		
Part 7		
BAAQMD	Sulfur Content Limits for	Manual of Procedures, Volume III, Method 5 Determination of
Condition	Treated Landfill Gas	Total Mercaptans in Effluents and Method 25 Determination of
# 23400,		Hydrogen Sulfide in Effluents, or Method 44 Determination of
Parts 7a-c		Reduced Sulfur Gases and Sulfur Dioxide in Effluent Samples by
		Gas Chromatographic Methods
BAAQMD	Formaldehyde Emission Limit	CARB Test Method 430, Determination of Formaldehyde and
Condition	for Engines	Acetaldehyde in Emissions from Stationary Sources
# 23400,		
Part 8		
BAAQMD	Compliance Demonstration Test	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-6, ST-7, ST-13A, ST-14,
Condition	for Engines	ST-17, ST-18, and 19A; or
# 23400,		EPA Reference Method 1; Method 3, 3A, or 3B; Method 2 or19;
Part 9		Method 4; Method 7E; Method 10; Method 18 or 25A; Calculation
		Procedures in 40 CFR 60.4244;
		and CARB TM 430

Applicable		
Requirement	Description of Requirement	Acceptable Test Methods
BAAQMD	Heat Input Limit for Flare	APCO approved gas flow meter; EPA Reference Method 3C; and
Condition		APCO approved calculation procedure described in BAAQMD
# 23962,		Condition # 23962, Part 2
Part 2		
BAAQMD	NMOC Emission Limit for Flare	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-7 and ST-14; or
Condition		US EPA Reference Methods 18, 25, 25A, or 25C and Methods 3,
# 23962,		3A, or 3B
Part 3		
BAAQMD	Combustion Zone Temperature	APCO Approved Device
Condition	Limit for Flare	
# 23962,		
Part 4		
BAAQMD	NO <sub>x</sub> Emission Limit for Flare	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-13A and ST-14; or
Condition		US EPA Reference Method 20 and Methods 3, 3A, or 3B
# 23962,		
Part 5		
BAAQMD	CO Emission Limit for Flare	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-6 and ST-14; or
Condition		US EPA Reference Method 10 and Methods 3, 3A, or 3B
# 23962,		
Part 6		
BAAQMD	SO <sub>2</sub> Emission Limit for Flare	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-19A and ST-14; or
Condition		US EPA Reference Methods 6 or 6C and Methods 3, 3A, or 3B
# 23962,		
Part 7a-c		
BAAQMD	Landfill Gas Sulfur Content	Manual of Procedures, Volume III, Method 5 Determination of
Condition	Limit	Total Mercaptans in Effluents and Method 25 Determination of
# 23962,		Hydrogen Sulfide in Effluents, or Method 44 Determination of
Part 7d		Reduced Sulfur Gases and Sulfur Dioxide in Effluent Samples by
		Gas Chromatographic Methods
BAAQMD	Formaldehyde Emission Limit	CARB Test Method 430, Determination of Formaldehyde and
Condition	for Flare	Acetaldehyde in Emissions from Stationary Sources
# 23962,		
Part 8		
BAAQMD	Landfill Gas TAC Concentration	Analysis of Landfill Gas Samples by Gas Chromatography for
Condition	Limits	Compounds Identified in Condition # 23962, Part 9; or
# 23962,		EPA Reference Method 18
Part 9		

Applicable		
Requirement	<b>Description of Requirement</b>	Acceptable Test Methods
BAAQMD	Compliance Demonstration Test	Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-6, ST-7, ST-13A, ST-14,
Condition	for Flare	ST-17, ST-18, and 19A; or
# 23962,		US EPA Reference Method 1; Method 3, 3A, or 3B; Method 2
Part 11		or19; Method 4; Methods 6 or 6C; Method 10; Method 18 or 25A;
		and Method 20; Calculation Procedures in 40 CFR 60.4244;
		and CARB TM 430
BAAQMD	Landfill Gas Analysis	Analysis of Landfill Gas Samples by Gas Chromatography for
Condition	Procedures	Compounds Identified in Condition # 23962, Part 12; or
# 23962,		EPA Reference Method 18
Part 12		

# **IX. PERMIT SHIELD**

Not Applicable

# X. REVISION HISTORY

## **Title V Permit Issuance (Application # 17615):**

[insert approval date]

• Correct bases for several parts of Conditions # 23400 and # 23962.

# XI. GLOSSARY

#### ACT

Federal Clean Air Act

# AP-42

An EPA Document "Compilation of Air Pollution Emission Factors" that is used to estimate emissions from numerous source types. It is available electronically from EPA's web site at: <u>http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/index.html</u>

# APCO

Air Pollution Control Officer: Head of Bay Area Air Quality Management District

### API

American Petroleum Institute

**ARB** Air Resources Board

**ASTM** American Society for Testing and Materials

ATC Authority to Construct

ATCM Airborne Toxic Control Measure

### BAAQMD

Bay Area Air Quality Management District

**BACT** Best Available Control Technology

**BARCT** Best Available Retrofit Control Technology

#### Basis

The underlying authority that allows the District to impose requirements.

### **C1**

An organic chemical compound with one carbon atom, for example: methane

### **C3**

An organic chemical compound with three carbon atoms, for example: propane

#### C5

An organic chemical compound with five carbon atoms, for example: pentane

#### **C6**

An organic chemical compound with six carbon atoms, for example: hexane

CAA The federal Clean Air Act

**CAAQS** California Ambient Air Quality Standards

**CAPCOA** California Air Pollution Control Officers Association

**CARB** California Air Resources Board (same as ARB)

**CCR** California Code of Regulations

**CEC** California Energy Commission

**CEQA** California Environmental Quality Act

### CEM

A "continuous emissions monitor" is a monitoring device that provides a continuous direct measurement of some pollutant (e.g.  $NO_x$  concentration) in an exhaust stream.

### CFR

The Code of Federal Regulations. 40 CFR contains the implementing regulations for federal environmental statutes such as the Clean Air Act. Parts 50-99 of 40 CFR contain the requirements for air pollution programs.

#### CH4 or CH<sub>4</sub>

Methane

### CI

**Compression Ignition** 

#### CIWMB

California Integrated Waste Management Board

**CO** Carbon Monoxide

CO2 or CO<sub>2</sub> Carbon Dioxide

#### CO2e

Carbon Dioxide Equivalent. A carbon dioxide equivalent emission rate is the emission rate of a greenhouse gas compound that has been adjusted by multiplying the mass emission rate by the global warming potential of the greenhouse gas compound. These adjusted emission rates for individual compounds are typically summed together, and the total is also referred to as the carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e) emission rate.

#### СТ

Combustion Zone Temperature

#### **Cumulative Increase**

The sum of permitted emissions from each new or modified source since a specified date pursuant to BAAQMD Rule 2-1-403, Permit Conditions (as amended by the District Board on 7/17/91) and SIP Rule 2-1-403, Permit Conditions (as approved by EPA on 6/23/95). Used to determine whether threshold-based requirements are triggered.

#### District

The Bay Area Air Quality Management District

### E6, E9, E12

Very large or very small number values are commonly expressed in a form called scientific notation, which consists of a decimal part multiplied by 10 raised to some power. For example, 4.53 E6 equals (4.53) x ( $10^6$ ) = (4.53) x ( $10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 4,530,000$ . Scientific notation is used to express large or small numbers without writing out long strings of zeros.

### EG

**Emission Guidelines** 

**EO** Executive Order

EPA

The federal Environmental Protection Agency.

#### ЕТР

Effluent Treatment Plant

#### Excluded

Not subject to any District regulations.

### Federally Enforceable, FE

All limitations and conditions which are enforceable by the Administrator of the EPA including those requirements developed pursuant to 40 CFR Part 51, subpart I (NSR), Part 52.21 (PSD), Part 60 (NSPS), Part 61 (NESHAPs), Part 63 (MACT), and Part 72 (Permits Regulation, Acid Rain), including limitations and conditions contained in operating permits issued under an EPA-approved program that has been incorporated into the SIP.

### FP

Filterable Particulate as measured by BAAQMD Method ST-15, Particulate.

**FR** Federal Register

**GDF** Gasoline Dispensing Facility

**GHG** Greenhouse Gas

GLM Ground Level Monitor

grains 1/7000 of a pound

### GWP

Global Warming Potential. A comparison of the ability of each greenhouse gas to trap heat in the atmosphere relative to that of carbon dioxide over a specific time period.

H2S or H<sub>2</sub>S Hydrogen Sulfide

H2SO4 or H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> Sulfuric Acid

H&SC Health and Safety Code

### HAP

Hazardous Air Pollutant. Any pollutant listed pursuant to Section 112(b) of the Act. Also refers to the program mandated by Title I, Section 112, of the Act and implemented by 40 CFR Part 63.

### Hg

Mercury

#### HHV

Higher Heating Value. The quantity of heat evolved as determined by a calorimeter where the combustion products are cooled to 60 °F and all water vapor is condensed to liquid.

#### IC

Internal Combustion

#### LEA

Local Enforcement Agency

### LFG

Landfill gas

#### LHV

Lower Heating Value. Similar to the higher heating value (see HHV) except that the water produced by the combustion is not condensed but retained as vapor at 60  $^{\circ}$ F.

#### Long ton

2200 pounds

#### **Major Facility**

A facility with potential emissions of: (1) at least 100 tons per year of regulated air pollutants, (2) at least 10 tons per year of any single hazardous air pollutant, and/or (3) at least 25 tons per year of any combination of hazardous air pollutants, or such lesser quantity of hazardous air pollutants as determined by the EPA administrator.

#### MAX or Max.

Maximum

#### MFR

Major Facility Review. The District's term for the federal operating permit program mandated by Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act and implemented by District Regulation 2, Rule 6.

# MIN or Min.

Minimum

**MOP** The District's Manual of Procedures.

#### MSDS Motorial Safaty Data

Material Safety Data Sheet

# MSW

Municipal solid waste

MTBE methyl tertiary-butyl ether

MW Molecular weight

N2 or N<sub>2</sub> Nitrogen

NA Not Applicable

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

#### NESHAPS

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants. See in 40 CFR Parts 61 and 63.

#### NMHC

Non-methane Hydrocarbons (Same as NMOC)

NMOC Non-methane Organic Compounds (Same as NMHC)

NO2 or NO<sub>2</sub> Nitrogen Dioxide

NOx or NO<sub>x</sub> Oxides of nitrogen.

#### NSPS

Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources. Federal standards for emissions from new stationary sources. Mandated by Title I, Section 111 of the Federal Clean Air Act, and implemented by 40 CFR Part 60 and District Regulation 10.

#### NSR

New Source Review. A federal program for pre-construction review and permitting of new and modified sources of pollutants for which criteria have been established in accordance with Section 108 of the Federal Clean Air Act. Mandated by Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act and implemented by 40 CFR Parts 51 and 52 and District Regulation 2, Rule 2. (Note: There are additional NSR requirements mandated by the California Clean Air Act.)

O2 or O<sub>2</sub> Oxygen

#### **Offset Requirement**

A New Source Review requirement to provide federally enforceable emission offsets for the emissions from a new or modified source. Applies to emissions of POC, NOx, PM10, and SO2.

#### PERP

Portable Equipment Registration Program

#### **Phase II Acid Rain Facility**

A facility that generates electricity for sale through fossil-fuel combustion and is not exempted by 40 CFR 72 from Titles IV and V of the Clean Air Act.

#### POC

Precursor Organic Compounds

**PM** Particulate Matter

#### PM10 or PM<sub>10</sub>

Particulate matter with aerodynamic equivalent diameter of less than or equal to 10 microns

#### **PM2.5 or PM<sub>2.5</sub>**

Particulate matter with aerodynamic equivalent diameter of less than or equal to 2.5 microns

#### PSD

Prevention of Significant Deterioration. A federal program for permitting new and modified sources of those air pollutants for which the District is classified "attainment" of the National Air Ambient Quality Standards. Mandated by Title I of the Act and implemented by both 40 CFR Part 52 and District Regulation 2, Rule 2.

РТО

Permit to Operate

**PV or P/V Valve** Pressure/Vacuum Valve

#### **Regulated Organic Liquid**

"Regulated organic liquids" are those liquids which require permits, or which are subject to some regulation, when processed at a liquid-handling operation. For example, for refinery marine terminals, regulated organic liquids are defined as "organic liquids" in Regulation 8, Rule 44.

### RICE

**Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine** 

#### RMP

Risk Management Plan

### RWQCB

Regional Water Quality Control Board

## S

Sulfur

### SCR

A "selective catalytic reduction" unit is an abatement device that reduces  $NO_x$  concentrations in the exhaust stream of a combustion device. SCRs utilize a catalyst, which operates within a specific temperature range, and injected ammonia to promote the conversion of  $NO_x$  compounds to nitrogen gas.

#### Short ton

2000 pounds

#### SIP

State Implementation Plan. State and District programs and regulations approved by EPA and developed in order to attain the National Air Ambient Quality Standards. Mandated by Title I of the Act.

**SO2 or SO<sub>2</sub>** Sulfur dioxide

**SO3 or SO**<sub>3</sub> Sulfur trioxide

### SSM

Startup, Shutdown, or Malfunction

#### SSM Plan

A plan, which states the procedures that will be followed during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction, that is prepared in accordance with the general NESHAP provisions (40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A) and maintained on site at the facility.

### TAC

Toxic Air Contaminant (as identified by CARB)

### ТВАСТ

Best Available Control Technology for Toxics

#### THC

Total Hydrocarbons includes all NMHC plus methane (same as TOC).

### therm

100,000 British Thermal Units

#### Title V

Title V of the federal Clean Air Act. Requires a federally enforceable operating permit program for major and certain other facilities.

### TOC

Total Organic Compounds includes all NMOC plus methane (same as THC).

### ТРН

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

#### TRMP

Toxic Risk Management Policy

#### TRS

Total Reduced Sulfur, which is a measure of the amount of sulfur-containing compounds in a gas stream, typically a fuel gas stream, including, but not limited to, hydrogen sulfide. The TRS content of a fuel gas determines the concentration of  $SO_2$  that will be present in the combusted fuel gas, since sulfur compounds are converted to  $SO_2$  by the combustion process.

### TSP

Total Suspended Particulate

### TVP

True Vapor Pressure

**VMT** Vehicle Miles Traveled

### VOC

Volatile Organic Compounds

#### Symbols:

<	=	less than
>	=	greater than
$\leq$	=	less than or equal to
$\geq$	=	greater than or equal to

#### Units of Measure:

atm	=	atmospheres
bbl	=	barrel of liquid (42 gallons)

bhp	=	brake-horsepower
btu	=	British Thermal Unit
BTU	=	British Thermal Unit
°C	=	degrees Centigrade
cfm	=	cubic feet per minute
dscf	=	dry standard cubic feet
°F	=	degrees Fahrenheit
ft <sup>3</sup>	=	cubic feet
g	=	grams
gal	=	gallon
gpm	=	gallons per minute
gr	=	grains
hp	=	horsepower
hr	=	hour
in	=	inches
kW	=	kilowatts
lb	=	pound
lbmol	=	pound-mole
$m^2$	=	square meter
$m^3$	=	cubic meters
Mg	=	mega grams
min	=	minute
mm	=	millimeter
MM	=	million
MM BTU	=	million BTU
M cf	=	one thousand cubic feet
MM cf	=	one million cubic feet
MW	=	megawatts
nnh	_	narts per hillion
ppb	_	parts per billion by volume
ppov	_	parts per million
ppm	_	parts per million by volume
ppmv	_	parts per million, by weight
ppinw	_	pounds per square inch absolute
psia	_	pounds per square inch, absolute
psig	_	standard cubic feet
sofm	_	standard cubic feet per minute
schill	_	standard dry subje feet
suci	_	standard dry cubic feet
sucim	=	standard dry cubic feet per minute
yu	=	yaru
ya	=	cubic yards
yr	=	year